

# **Expert Services**

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# ETA 08/0173 **European Technical Assessment**

of 12/08/2019

### I General Part

**Technical Assessment Body issuing the ETA** 

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

**Manufacturing plant** 

contains This European Technical Assessment is

**This European Technical Assessment** 

issued in accordance with regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

This ETA replaces

**Eurofins Expert Services Oy** 

Sormat through bolts S-KA, S-KAK, S-KAH, S-KAH HCR

Torque controlled expansion anchors of sizes M8, M10, M12 and M16 for use in concrete

**Sormat Oy** Harjutie 5 FI-21290 Rusko

Finland

www.sormat.com

Sormat Plant 1

14 pages including 11 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment

EAD 330232-00-0601

ETA 08/0173, issued on September 8, 2016

## **II Specific Part**

# 1. Technical description of the product

The SORMAT through bolt S-KA is an anchor made of galvanized steel (designated as S-KA). The SORMAT through bolt S-KAK is an anchor made of hot dip galvanized steel (designated as S-KAK). The SORMAT through bolt S-KAH is an anchor made of stainless steel (designated as S-KAH). The SORMAT through bolt S-KAH HCR is an anchor made of high corrosion resistant stainless steel (designated as S-KAH HCR). The anchors are made in sizes M8, M10, M12 and M16. Anchors are placed into a drilled hole and anchored by torque-controlled expansion.

The illustration and description of the product are given in Annexes A.

# 2. Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document, EAD

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annexes B.

The provisions made in this European technical assessment are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

# 3. Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

### 3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic tension resistance for static and quasi-static action acc. EN 1992-4:2018 or EOTA TR 055:2018-02	See Annex C1
Characteristic shear resistance for static and quasi-static action acc. EN 1992-4:2018 or EOTA TR 055:2018-02	See Annex C2
Characteristic resistance for Seismic Performance Category C1	See Annex C6
Displacements under static and quasi-static action	See Annex C5

# 3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	Anchorages satisfy requirements for Class A1
Characteristic tension resistance under fire exposure	See Annex C3
Characteristic shear resistance under fire exposure	See Annex C4

### 3.3 Hygiene, health and the environment (BWR 3)

Regarding dangerous substances contained in this European technical assessment, there may be requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the regulation (EU) No 305/2011, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

# 3.4 Safety in use (BWR 4)

For basic requirement Safety in use the same criteria are valid for Basic Requirement Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR1).

# 3.5 Protection against noise (BWR5):

Not relevant.

# 3.6 Energy economy and heat retention (BWR6):

Not relevant.

## 3.7 Sustainable use of natural resources (BWR7)

The sustainable use of natural resources was not investigated.

# 3.8 General aspects relating to fitness for use

Durability and Serviceability are only ensured if the specifications of intended use according to Annex B1 are kept.

# 4. Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP)

According to the Decision 96/582/EC of the European Commission 1, as amended, the system of assessment and verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) is System 1.

# 5. Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable EAD

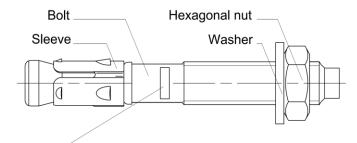
Technical details necessary for the implementation of the Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system are laid down in the control plan deposited at Eurofins Expert Services Oy.

Issued in Espoo on August 12, 2019 by Eurofins Expert Services Oy

Tiina Ala-Outinen Business Development Manager Pertti Jokinen Product Manager

Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 08.10.1996

# **SORMAT** through bolt



Marking: Identifying mark: S

Anchor identity: KA

Category \*1): H (stainless steel)

K (hot dip galvanized)

Thread size: M8 ... M16

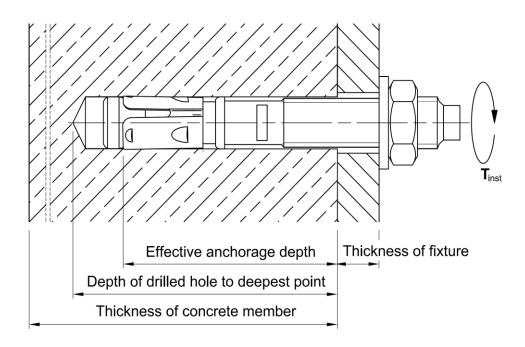
Max. fixture thickness:  $t_{fix}$ Material \*1): HCR

Examples: S-KA 10/20 - zinc plated

S-KAK 10/20 - hot dip galvanized S-KAH 10/20 - stainless steel A4 S-KAH 10/20 HCR - stainless steel HCR

\*1): Where applicable

# **SORMAT** through bolt after installation



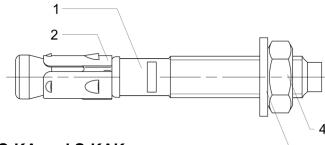
# Sormat through bolt

# **Product description**

Installation condition

Annex A1

# **SORMAT** through bolt



# Table A1: Materials S-KA and S-KAK

Part	Designation	Diameter	Material 1) 2)
1	Bolt	M8 - M16	Cold forged steel, EN 10263-2
2	Sleeve	M8 - M16	Cold rolled galvanized steel strip, EN 10346
3	Washer	M8 - M16	Electroplated steel, DIN 125 (EN ISO 7089), DIN 440 (EN ISO 7094), DIN 9021 (EN ISO 7093)
4	Hexagonal Nut	M8 - M16	Steel, electroplated, property class 8, DIN 934 (EN ISO 4032)

<sup>1)</sup> **S-KA:** Parts 1, 3 and 4 are zinc electroplated according to EN ISO 4042 ≥ 5 μm and bright passivated 2) **S-KAK:** Parts 1, 3 and 4 are hot dip galvanized > 50 μm mean thickness according to EN ISO 10684

# **Table A2: Materials S-KAH**

Part	Designation	Diameters	Material
1	Bolt	M8 - M16	Cold forged stainless steel, EN 10088-3
2	Sleeve	M8 - M16	Stainless steel strip, EN 10088-2
3	Washer	M8 - M16	Stainless steel, DIN 125 (EN ISO 7089), DIN 440 (EN ISO 7094), DIN 9021 (EN ISO 7093)
4	Hexagonal Nut	M8 - M16	Stainless steel, property class 80, DIN 934 (EN ISO 4032)

# **Table A3: Materials S-KAH HCR**

Part	Designation	Diameters	Material
1	Bolt	M8 - M16	Cold forged stainless steel, EN 10088-3, 1.4529 / 1.4565
2	Sleeve	M8 - M16	Stainless steel strip, EN 10088-2
3	Washer	M8 - M16	Stainless steel, W 1.4529 / 1.4565, DIN 125 (EN ISO 7089), DIN 440 (EN ISO 7094), DIN 9021 (EN ISO 7093)
4	Hexagonal Nut	M8 - M16	Stainless steel, property class 70, W 1.4529 / 1.4565 DIN 934 (EN ISO 4032)

# Sormat through bolt Product description Materials Annex A2

# Specifications of intended use

# **Anchorages subject to:**

- Static, quasi-static loads
- Seismic actions for Performance Category C1
- Fire exposure

# **Base materials:**

- · Cracked and non-cracked concrete
- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength classes C20/25 to C50/60 according to EN 206.

### **Use conditions (Environmental conditions):**

- The S-KA and S-KAK anchors may only be used in structures subject to dry indoor conditions, indoor with temporary condensation.
- The S-KAH anchors may be used in concrete subject to dry internal conditions and also in concrete subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment), or exposure in permanently damp internal conditions, if no particular aggressive conditions exist.
- The S-KAH HCR anchors may be used in concrete subject to dry internal conditions and also in concrete subject to external atmospheric exposure, in permanently damp internal conditions or in other particular aggressive conditions.

Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

### Design:

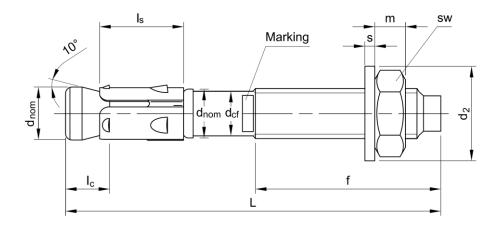
- The anchorages are designed in accordance with EN 1992-4:2018 or EOTA TR 055:2018-02 under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- For seismic application the anchorages are designed in accordance with EOTA TR 045 "Design of Metal Anchors For Use In Concrete Under Seismic Actions".
- For application with resistance under fire exposure the anchorages are designed in accordance with the method given in EOTA TR 020 "Evaluation of Anchorage in Concrete concerning Resistance to Fire".
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored. The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings.

## **Installation:**

- Anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site
- Use of the anchor only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging the components of an anchor
- Anchor installation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and drawings and using the appropriate tools
- Effective anchorage depth, edge distances and spacings not less than the specified values without minus tolerances
- Hole drilling by hammer drill
- Cleaning of the hole of drilling dust
- Application of specified torque moment using a calibrated torque tool
- In case of aborted hole, drilling of new hole at a minimum distance of twice the depth of the aborted hole, or smaller distance provided the aborted drill hole is filled with high strength non-shrinkage mortar. No shear or oblique tension loads are allowed in the direction of a not filled aborted hole.

Sormat through bolt	
Intended Use	Annex B1
Specifications	

# **SORMAT** through bolt



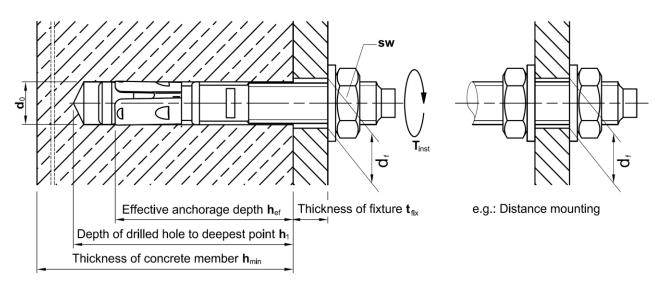
**Table B1: Dimensions of the anchor** 

Main d	Main dimensions Stud bolt		Cone bolt		Expansion sleeve	Washer		r	Hexagonal nut		
Size	L [mm]	f [mm]	d <sub>cf</sub> [mm]	d <sub>nom</sub> [mm]	I <sub>c</sub> [mm]	l <sub>s</sub> [mm]	s [mm]	d <sub>1</sub> [mm]	d <sub>2</sub> [mm]	SW [mm]	m [mm]
М8	62420	22220	7,1	8	20,9	15,9	≥1,6	≥8,4	≥16	13	≥6,5
M10	82420	37215	9,0	10	25,7	17,9	≥2,0	≥10,5	≥20	≥16	≥8,0
M12	98420	48210	10,8	12	30,3	19,1	≥2,5	≥13,0	≥24	≥18	≥10,0
M16	118420	60202	14,6	16	38,1	26,3	≥3,0	≥17,0	≥30	24	≥13,0

Sormat through bolt

Intended Use
Anchor dimensions

Annex B2



**Table B2: Installation data** 

CODMAT through	Anchor size					
SORMAT through I	DOIT		M8	M10	M12	M16
Drill hole diameter	d <sub>0</sub>	[mm]	8	10	12	16
Cutting diameter at the upper tolerance limit (maximum diameter bit)	d <sub>cut,max</sub> ≤	[mm]	8,45	10,45	12,5	16,5
Depth of drilled hole to deepest point	h <sub>1</sub> ≥	[mm]	60	75	90	110
Effective anchorage depth	h <sub>ef</sub>	[mm]	45	60	70	85
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d <sub>f</sub> ≤	[mm]	9	12	14	18
Thickness of fixture	t <sub>fix,max</sub>	[mm]	358	338	322	302
Width across flats	SW	[mm]	13	≥16	≥18	24
Required S-KA / S-KAK	т.	[Nlm]	20 / 15 1)	35	50	120
torque S-KAH / S-KAH HCR	T <sub>inst</sub>	[Nm]	20	35	70	120

<sup>1)</sup> Installation torque for S-KA is 20 Nm and for S-KAK 15 Nm

Table B3: Minimum thickness of concrete member, spacing and edge distance

CODMAT through hold	Anchor size						
SORMAT through bolt			M8	M10	M12	M16	
Minimum thickness of concrete member	h <sub>min</sub>	[mm]	100	120	140	170	
Minimum angaing	Smin	[mm]	50	55	60	70	
Minimum spacing	c≥	[mm]	50	80	90	120	
Minimum edge distance	Cmin	[mm]	50	50	55	85	
	s≥	[mm]	50	100	145	150	

Intervalues may be interpolated linearly

Sormat through bolt	
Intended Use Installation data	Annex B3

Table C1: Characteristic resistances under tension loads in case of static and quasi-static loading for design according to EN 1992-4:2018 or EOTA TR 055:2018-02

	Anchor size							
SORMAT through bo	lt		M8	M10	M12	M16		
Steel failure								
Characteristic resistance S-KA / S-KAK	N <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]	13	26	38	69		
Characteristic resistance S-KAH / S-KAH HCR	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	24	35	75		
Partial safety factor	γMs <sup>1)</sup>	[-]		1	,4			
Pull-out failure								
Characteristic resistance in <b>cracked</b> concrete C20/25	$N_{Rk,p}$	[kN]	5	9	12	20		
Characteristic resistance in non-cracked concrete C20/25	$N_{Rk,p}$	[kN]	9	16	20	35		
		C25/30		1,	,06			
		C30/37	1,11					
Increasing factor for N <sub>Rk,p</sub>	Ψ <sub>C</sub>	C35/45	1,14					
increasing factor for TVRK,p	1	C40/50	1,20					
		C45/55		1,25				
		C50/60						
Partial safety factor	γinst <sup>1)</sup>	[-]		1,2		1,0		
Tartial safety factor	γМр	[-]		1,82)		1,5 <sup>3)</sup>		
Concrete cone and splitting failure	_							
Effective anchorage depth	h <sub>ef</sub>	[mm]	45	60	70	85		
Factor for cracked concrete	<b>k</b> cr	[-]	7,7					
Factor for non-cracked concrete	k <sub>ucr</sub>	[-]	11,0					
Spacing	Scr,N	[mm]	135	180	210	255		
Edge distance	Ccr,N	[mm]	68	90	105	128		
Spacing ( splitting )	Scr,sp	[mm]	180	240	280	340		
Edge distance (splitting)	Ccr,sp	[mm]	90	120	140	170		
	γinst <sup>1)</sup>	[-]		1,2		1,0		
Partial safety factor	γMc γMsp	[-]		1,82)		1,5 <sup>3)</sup>		

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations

 $<sup>^{2)}</sup>$  The installation safety factor of  $\gamma_{inst}=1,2$  is included  $^{3)}$  The installation safety factor of  $\gamma_{inst}=1,0$  is included

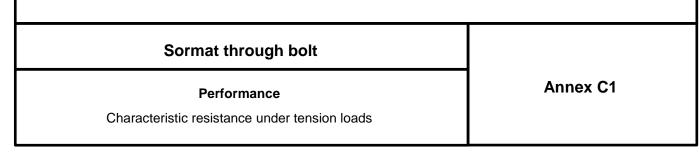


Table C2: Characteristic resistances under shear loads in case of static and quasi-static loading for design according to EN 1992-4:2018 or EOTA TR 055:2018-02

		Ancho	or size			
SORMAT through bolt			M8	M10	M12	M16
Steel failure without lever arm						
Characteristic resistance S-KA / S-KAK	V <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]	10	18	23	44
Characteristic resistance S-KAH / S-KAH HCR	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	11	17	25	47
Partial safety factor	γMs <sup>1)</sup>	[-]		1,	25	
Factor for considering ductility	<b>k</b> <sub>7</sub>	[-]		1	,0	
Steel failure with lever arm						
Characteristic resistance S-KA / S-KAK	M <sup>0</sup> Rk,s	[Nm]	21	48	72	186
Characteristic resistance S-KAH / S-KAH HCR	M <sup>0</sup> Rk,s	[Nm]	22	45	79	200
Partial safety factor	γMs <sup>1)</sup>	[-]		1,25		
Concrete pryout failure	•					
k-factor	k <sub>8</sub>	[-]	1		2	
Partial safety factor	γMc <sup>1)</sup>	[-]		1	,5	
Concrete edge failure						
Effective length of anchor under shear load	lf	[mm]	45	60	70	85
Outside diameter of anchor	d <sub>nom</sub>	[mm]	8	10	12	16
Cracked concrete without any edge reinforcement		1,0				
Cracked concrete with straight edge reinforcement > Ø12 mm	$\Psi_{\text{re,V}}$	[-]	1,2			
Cracked concrete with edge reinforcement and closely spaced stirrups (a ≤ 100mm) or non-cracked concrete			1,4			
Partial safety factor	γMc <sup>1)</sup>	[-]		1	,5	

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations

Sormat through bolt	
Performance	Annex C2
Characteristic resistance under shear loads	

Table C3: Characteristic resistances under tension loads in case of fire exposure for design according to EN 1992-4:2018 or EOTA TR 055:2018-02

				Anchor size				
Sormat t	through bolt			М8	M10	M12	M16	
Steel failure					1		•	
		R30	[kN]	1,3	2,3	3,6	5,3	
S-KA	S-KA / S-	R60	[kN]	0,7	1,3	2,0	3,0	
	KAK	R90	[kN]	0,4	0,8	1,3	1,8	
Characteristic resistance		R120	[kN]	0,3	0,5	0,9	1,3	
N <sub>Rk,s,fi</sub>		R30	[kN]	5,7	9,1	13,2	24,5	
	S-KAH /	R60	[kN]	3,9	6,1	8,9	16,6	
	S-KAH HCR	R90	[kN]	2,0	3,2	4,7	8,7	
		R120	[kN]	1,1	1,8	2,6	4,8	
Pull-out failure				•				
		R30	[kN]	1,3	2,3	3,0	5,0	
Characteristic resistance	S-KA / S-	R60	[kN]	1,3	2,3	3,0	5,0	
$N_{Rk,p,fi}$	KAK	R90	[kN]	1,3	2,3	3,0	5,0	
		R120	[kN]	1,0	1,8	2,4	4,0	
		R30	[kN]	1,3	2,3	3,0	5,0	
Characteristic resistance	S-KAH /	R60	[kN]	1,3	2,3	3,0	5,0	
$N_{Rk,p,fi}$	S-KAH HCR	R90	[kN]	1,3	2,3	3,0	5,0	
		R120	[kN]	1,0	1,8	2,4	4,0	
Concrete cone and splittin	g failure <sup>1)</sup>			•				
		R30	[kN]	2,4	5,0	7,4	12,0	
Characteristic registers of NO		R60	[kN]	2,4	5,0	7,4	12,0	
Characteristic resistance N <sup>0</sup> F	Rk,c,fi	R90	[kN]	2,4	5,0	7,4	12,0	
			[kN]	2,0	4,0	5,9	9,6	
Spacing		Scr,N,fi	[mm]	4 x h <sub>ef</sub>				
		Smin	[mm]	50	55	60	70	
		Ccr,N,fi	[mm]		2 x h <sub>ef</sub>			
Edge distance					e side: c <sub>min</sub>			
Luge distance		C <sub>min</sub>	[mm]	Fire attack from more than one side:				
				c <sub>min</sub> ≥ 300	mm and	≥ 2 x h <sub>ef</sub>		

<sup>1)</sup> As a rule, splitting failure can be neglected when cracked concrete and reinforcement is assumed

Design under fire exposure is performed according to the design method given in EOTA TR 020. Under fire exposure usually cracked concrete is assumed. The design equations are given in EOTA TR 020 § 2.2.1.

In the absence of other national regulations the partial safety factor for resistance under fire exposure  $\gamma_{M,fi}$  = 1,0 is recommended.

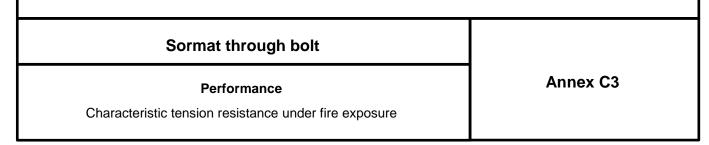


Table C4: Characteristic resistances under shear loads in case of fire exposure for design according to EN 1992-4:2018 or EOTA TR 055:2018-02

Sormat through bolt			Anchor size					
Sormat till ought bolt					M10	M12	M16	
Steel failure without lever arm								
		R30	[kN]	1,3	2,3	3,6	5,3	
	S-KA / S-	R60	[kN]	0,7	1,3	2,0	3,0	
	KAK	R90	[kN]	0,4	0,8	1,3	1,8	
Characteristic resistance		R120	[kN]	0,3	0,5	0,9	1,3	
$V_{Rk,s,fi}$	C KALL/	R30	[kN]	5,7	9,1	13,2	24,5	
	S-KAH / S-KAH	R60	[kN]	3,9	6,1	8,9	16,6	
HCR	_	R90	[kN]	2,0	3,2	4,7	8,7	
	HCK	R120	[kN]	1,1	1,8	2,6	4,8	
Steel failure with lever arm								
		R30	[Nm]	1,8	3,6	6,4	16,2	
	S-KA / S-	R60	[Nm]	1,3	2,6	4,6	11,7	
	KAK	R90	[Nm]	0,8	1,6	2,8	7,2	
Characteristic resistance		R120	[Nm]	0,6	1,1	1,9	4,9	
$M^0$ Rk,s,fi	S-KAH /	R30	[Nm]	5,8	11,7	20,4	52,0	
	S-KAH /	R60	[Nm]	4,0	7,9	13,9	35,2	
	HCR	R90	[Nm]	2,1	4,2	7,3	18,5	
	TION	R120	[Nm]	1,1	2,3	4,0	10,2	
Concrete pryout failure								
k-factor	[-]	1		2				
Characteristic resistance V <sub>Rk,cp,fi</sub>		R30	[kN]	2,4	10,0	14,8	24,0	
		R60	[kN]	2,4	10,0	14,8	24,0	
		R90	[kN]	2,4	10,0	14,8	24,0	
	R120	[kN]	2,0	8,0	11,8	19,2		

# Concrete edge failure

The initial value  $V^0_{Rk,c,fi}$  of the characteristic resistance in concrete C20/25 to C50/60 under fire exposure may be determined by:

$$V^{0}_{Rk,c,fi} = 0.25 \text{ x } V^{0}_{Rk,c} \text{ ($\leq$ R90$)}$$
  $V^{0}_{Rk,c,fi} = 0.20 \text{ x } V^{0}_{Rk,c} \text{ (R120)}$ 

with  $V^0_{Rk,c}$  initial value of the characteristic resistance in cracked concrete C20/25 under normal temperature.

Design under fire exposure is performed according to the design method given in EOTA TR 020.

Under fire exposure usually cracked concrete is assumed. The design equations are given in EOTA TR 020 § 2.2.1.

EOTA TR 020 covers design for fire exposure from one side. For fire attack from more than one side the edge distance must be increased to  $c_{min} \ge 300$  mm and  $\ge 2$  x  $h_{ef}$ .

In the absence of other national regulations the partial safety factor for resistance under fire exposure  $\gamma_{M,fi} = 1,0$  is recommended.

# Sormat through bolt

# **Performance**

Characteristic shear resistance under fire exposure

Annex C4

Table C5: Displacements under tension loads for static and quasi-static loading

				Ancho	r size	
SORMAT through bolt			M8	M10	M12	M16
		[kN]	2,0	3,6	4,8	9,5
Cracked and non-cracked concrete C20/25 - C50/60	δ <sub>N0</sub>	[mm]	0,3	0,6	0,6	0,7
	δ <sub>N∞</sub>	[mm]	1,8	1,6	2,0	1,4

Table C6: Displacements under shear loads for static and quasi-static loading

SORMAT through bolt			Anchor size					
			М8	M10	M12	M16		
Cracked and non-cracked concrete C20/25 - C50/60	V	[kN]	5,7	10,3	13,1	25,1		
	δ <sub>V0</sub>	[mm]	1,7	1,7	2,4	3,2		
	δ∨∞	[mm]	2,6	2,6	3,6	4,8		

# Sormat through bolt

# **Performance**

Displacements under tension and shear loads

Annex C5

Table C7: Characteristic resistances under tension loads in case of seismic action

Design acc. EOTA TR 045: Performance Category C1

				Ancho	or size	
SORMAT through bolt			M8	M10	M12	M16
Steel failure						
Characteristic resistance S-KA	N <sub>Rk,s,seis</sub>	[kN]	13	26	38	69
Characteristic resistance S-KAH	N <sub>Rk,s,seis</sub>	[kN]	15	24	35	75
Partial safety factor	γMs,seis <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,4			
Pull-out failure						
Characteristic resistance in <b>cracked</b> concrete C20/25	$N_{Rk,p,seis}$	[kN]	5	9	12	20
Partial safety factor	γMp,seis <sup>1)</sup>	[-]		1,82)		1,5 <sup>3)</sup>
Concrete cone and splitting failure 4)						
Effective anchorage depth	h <sub>ef</sub>	[mm]	45	60	70	85
Partial safety factor	γMc,seis <sup>1)</sup> γMsp,seis <sup>1)</sup>	[-]		1,8 2)		1,5 <sup>3)</sup>

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations

Table C8: Characteristic resistances under shear loads in case of seismic action Design acc. EOTA TR 045: Performance Category C1

			Anchor size					
SORMAT through bolt				M10	M12	M16		
Steel failure without lever arm								
Characteristic resistance S-KA	V <sub>Rk,s,seis</sub>	[kN]	5,6	11,9	15,4	31,2		
Characteristic resistance S-KAH	V <sub>Rk,s,seis</sub>	[kN]	8,7	11,2	18,3	31,5		
Partial safety factor	γMs,seis <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,25					
Concrete pryout and concrete edge failure	Concrete pryout and concrete edge failure 2)							
Effective anchorage depth	h <sub>ef</sub>	[mm]	45	60	70	85		
Partial safety factor	γMc,seis <sup>1)</sup>	[-]	1,5					

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations

# Sormat through bolt Performance Characteristic tension and shear resistances under seismic action, Performance Category C1 Annex C6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> The installation safety factor of  $\gamma_{inst}$  = 1,2 is included

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3)</sup> The installation safety factor of  $\gamma_{inst} = 1,0$  is included

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> For concrete cone and splitting failure, see EOTA TR 045

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> For concrete pryout and edge failure, see EOTA TR 045