



PIXSYS
elettronica

ATR 401



- Regolatore
- Controller

Manuale Installatore
User manual

Summary	Page
1 Introduction	4
2 Model Identification	4
3 Technical data	5
3.1 General data	5
3.2 Hardware data	5
3.3 Software data	6
4 Dimensions and Installation	6
4.1 Electronics Removal	7
5 Electrical wirings	7
5.1 Wiring diagram	8
6 Display and Key Functions	15
6.1 Numeric Indicators (Display)	15
6.2 Meaning of Status Lights (Led)	15
6.3 Keys	16
7 Dual input mode	17
7.1 Selection of process value related to the command output and to the alarms	17
7.2 Remote setpoint	18
8 Controller Functions	19
8.1 Modifying Main Setpoint and Alarm Setpoint Values	19
8.2 Auto-Tuning	19
8.3 Manual Tuning	19
8.4 Automatic Tuning	19
8.5 Automatic / Manual Regulation for % Output Control	20
8.6 Soft-Start	20
8.7 Memory Card (optional)	21
8.8 Loading default values	22
8.9 LATCH ON Functions (only AI1)	22
8.10 Heating-Cooling P.I.D.	24
9 Serial Communication	26
10 Configuration	30
10.1 Modify Configuration Parameter	30
11 Table of Configuration Parameters	31
12 Alarm Intervention Modes	49
13 Table of Anomaly Signals	53
14 Configuration EASY-UP	54
15 Summary of Configuration parameters	55



Pay attention at the section marked with this symbol

Presta attenzione alla sezione contrassegnata da questo simbolo

Sommario	Pag
1 Introduzione	59
2 Identificazione di modello	59
3 Dati tecnici	60
3.1 Caratteristiche generali	60
3.2 Caratteristiche Hardware	60
3.3 Caratteristiche Software	61
4 Dimensioni e installazioni	61
4.1 Estrazione dell'elettronica	62
5 Collegamenti elettrici	62
5.1 Schema di collegamento	63
6 Funzione dei visualizzatori e tasti	70
6.1 Indicatori numerici (Display)	70
6.2 Significato delle spie di stato (Led)	70
6.3 Tasti	71
7 Modalità doppio ingresso	72
7.1 Selezione grandezza correlata al comando e agli allarmi	72
7.2 Setpoint remoto	73
8 Funzioni del regolatore	74
8.1 Modifica valore setpoint principale e setpoint di allarme	74
8.2 Auto-Tuning	74
8.3 Lancia del Tuning Manuale	74
8.4 Tuning Automatico	74
8.5 Regolazione automatico / manuale del controllo % uscita	75
8.6 Soft-Star	75
8.7 Memory Card (opzionale)	76
8.8 Caricamento valori di default	77
8.9 Funzione LATCH ON (solo AI1)	77
8.10 Funzionamento da doppia azione (caldo-freddo)	79
9 Comunicazione Seriale	81
10 Configurazione	85
10.1 Modifica parametro di configurazione	85
11 Tabella parametri di configurazione	86
12 Modi di intervento allarme	104
13 Tabella segnalazioni anomalie	108
14 Configurazione EASY-UP	109
15 Promemoria configurazione	110
Sommaire	
1 Identification du modèle	114
2 Données techniques	114
2.1 Caractéristiques générales	114
2.2 Caractéristiques Hardware	115
2.3 Caractéristiques Software	116
3 Dimensions et Installation	116
3.1 Déplacement de l'électronique	117
4 Raccordements électriques	118
4.1 Schéma des connexions	118

1 Introduction

Thanks for choosing a Pixsys controller.

With ATR401 model, Pixsys integrates in a single device all options for sensors reading and actuators control, beside an useful supply with extended range 24...230 Vac/Vdc. Thanks to dual universal analogue input outputs configurable as relay or SSR, the user or the retailer can reduce stock needs.

The series includes also a model with serial communication RS485 Modbus Rtu and linear output 0-10 V, 0/4-20 mA. The possibility to repeat parameterization is simplified by the Memory Cards with internal battery that do not require power supply for the controller.

2 Model Identification

ATR401 series includes four versions.

Looking at the following table it is possible to find the required model.

Power supply 24...230 Vac/Vdc +/-15% 50/60 Hz – 5,5 VA	
ATR401-22ABC	2 Analogue inputs + 2 Relays 8 A + 1 SSR
ATR401-23ABC	2 Analogue inputs + 3 Relays 8 A + 1 SSR
ATR401-24ABC	2 Analogue inputs + 4 Relays 8 A + 1 SSR
ATR401-22ABC-T	2 Analogue inputs + 2 Relays 8 A + 1 SSR 1 Output V / mA + RS485

3 Technical data

3.1 General data

<i>Indicators</i>	4 display 0,40 inches 4 display 0,30 inches
<i>Operating temperature</i>	Temperature 0-45 °C Humidity 35..95 uR%
<i>Sealing</i>	IP54 front panel, box IP30 and terminal block IP20
<i>Material</i>	Box: Noryl UL94V1 self-extinguish Front panel: PC ABS UL94V0 self-extinguish
<i>Weight</i>	Approx 350 g

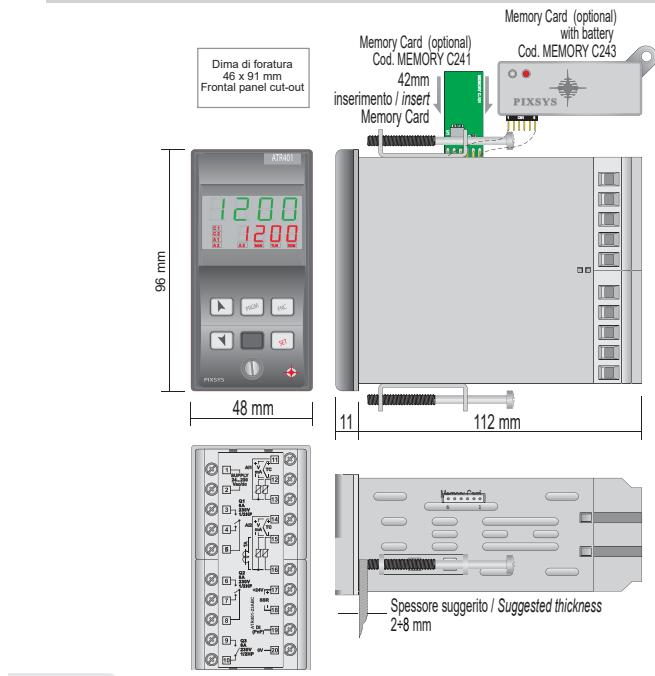
3.2 Hardware data

<i>Analogue input</i>	AI1 – AI2: Configurable via software. Input: Thermocouple type K, S, R, J. Automatic compensation of cold junction from 0 ... 50°C. Thermoresistances: PT100, PT500, PT1000, Ni100, PTC1K, NTC10K (β 3435K) Linear input: 0-10 V, 0-20 Ω , 4-20 mA, 0-40 mV. Input Potentiometer: 6 K \square , 150 K \square . • ONLY AI2 input T.A.: 50 mA.	Tolerance (25 °C) $\pm 0.2\% \pm 1$ digit for thermocouple, thermoresistance and V / mA. Cold junction accuracy 0.1 °C/C.
<i>Relay outputs</i>	Configurable as control and alarm output.	Impedance: 0-10 V: $R_i > 110 K\Omega$ 0-20 mA: $R_i < 5 \Omega$ 4-20 mA: $R_i < 5 \Omega$ 0-40 mV: $R_i > 1 M\Omega$
<i>SSR output</i>	Configurable as control and alarm output.	Contacts: 8 A - 250 V~ for resistive charges.
<i>Analogue output</i>	Configurable as control output, alarm, retransmission of process or setpoint.	Configurable: 0-10 V (9500 points); 0-20 mA (7500 points); 4-20 mA (6000 points).
<i>Power supply</i>	Extended range 24...230 Vac/Vdc $\pm 15\%$ 50/60 Hz.	Consumption: 5.5 VA.

3.3 Software data

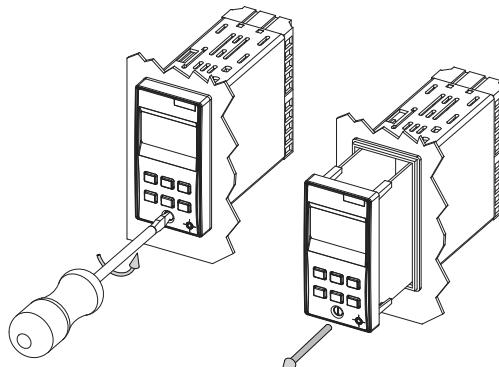
<i>Regulation algorithms</i>	ON - OFF with hysteresis. P, P.I., P.I.D., P.D. proportional time.
<i>Proportional band</i>	0...9999 °C o °F
<i>Integral time</i>	0,0...999,9 sec. (0 excludes integral function)
<i>Derivative time</i>	0,0...999,9 sec. (0 excludes derivative function)
<i>Controller functions</i>	Manual or automatic tuning, selectable alarms, protection of control and alarm setpoints.

4 Dimensions and Installation



4.1 Electronics Removal

To configure internal Jumper, remove the electronics by twist off the screw on instrument frontal side.



Disconnect the device from the mains before starting to configurate or service it.

WARNING

5 Electrical wirings

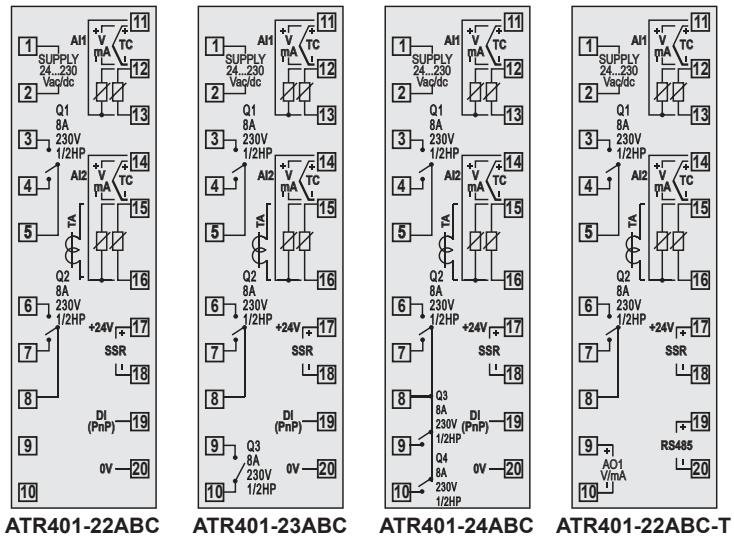


WARNING

Although this controller has been designed to resist noises in an industrial environments, please notice the following safety guidelines:

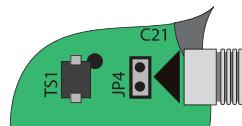
- Separate control lines from the power wires.
- Avoid the proximity of remote control switches, electromagnetic meters, powerful engines.
- Avoid the proximity of power groups, especially those with phase control.

5.1 Wiring diagram



Power

- [1] **SUPPLY**
24...230
Vac/dc
- [2]



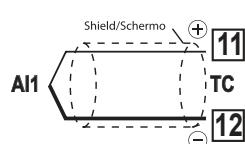
Switching power supply with extended range

2 selections:

- 24 Vac/dc $\pm 15\%$ with Jumper insertion JP4;
 - 115...230 Vac/dc $\pm 15\%$ without Jumper JP4;
- 50/60 Hz – 5,5 VA (with galvanic isolation).

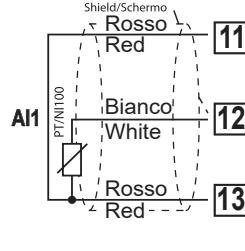
Analogue Input AI1

For thermocouples K, S, R, J.

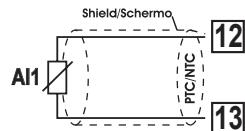


- Comply with polarity.
- For possible extensions, use a compensated wire and terminals suitable for the thermocouples used (compensated).
- When shielded cable is used, it should be grounded at one side only.

For thermoresistances PT100, NI100.

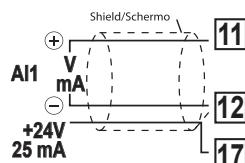


- For a three-wires connection use cables with the same diameter.
- For a two-wires connection short-circuit terminals 16 and 18.
- When shielded cable is used, it should be grounded at one side only.



For thermoresistances NTC, PTC, PT500, PT1000 and linear potentiometers.

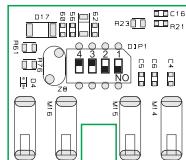
- When shielded cable is used, it should be grounded at one side only.



For linear signals Volt / mA.

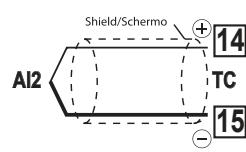
- Comply with polarity.
- When shielded cable is used, it should be grounded at one side only.

Analogue Input AI2



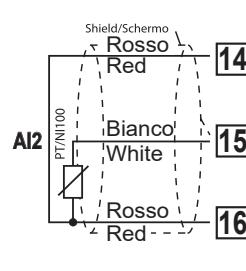
To enable the second analogue input, set the dip switches as indicated in the figure.

In this configuration input T.A. is not available.



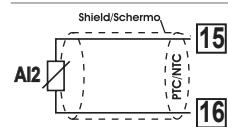
For thermocouples K, S, R, J.

- Comply with polarity.
- When extending thermocouples be sure to use the correct extension/compensating cable.
- When shielded cable is used, it should be grounded at one side only.



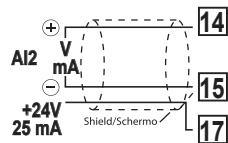
For thermoresistances PT100, NI100.

- For a three-wires connection use cables with the same diameter.
- For a two-wires connection short-circuit terminals 16 and 18.
- When shielded cable is used, it should be grounded at one side only.



For thermoresistances NTC, PTC, PT500, PT1000 and linear potentiometers.

- When shielded cable is used, it should be grounded at one side only.



For linear signals in Volt / mA.

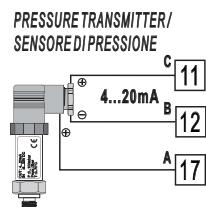
- Comply with polarity.
- When shielded cable is used, it should be grounded at one side only.

Examples of connection for linear input AI1



For linear signals 0....10 V.

Comply with polarity.



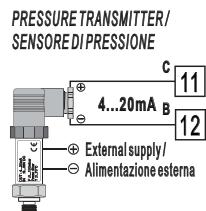
For linear signals 0/4....20 mA with **three-wires sensors**.

Comply with polarity:

C= Sensor output

B= Sensor ground

A= Sensor supply (24 Vdc / 25 mA)

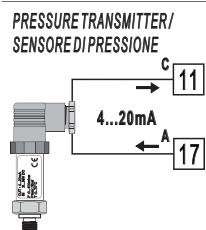


For linear signals 0/4..20 mA with **external power supply for sensor**.

Comply with polarity:

C= Sensor output

B= Sensor ground



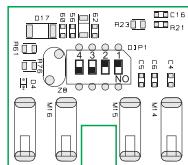
For linear signals 0/4..20 mA with **two-wires sensors**.

Comply with polarity:

C= Sensor output

A= Sensor supply (24 Vdc / 25 mA)

T.A. Input



To enable T.A. input, set the dip switches as indicated in the figure.

In this configuration it is possible to set on parameter 11 **SEn2**.

- Input for 50 mA amperometric transformer.
- Sampling time 100 ms.
- Configurable by parameters.

Digital input (not available on ATR401-22ABC-T)

+24V — **17**



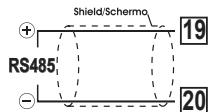
Digital input (parameter **DI**).

DI
(PnP) — **19**

- Close pin "DI" (19) on pin "+24 V" (17) to enable digital input.

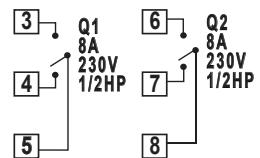
0V — **20**

Serial input (only on ATR401-22ABC-T)



Communication RS485 Modbus RTU with galvanic isolation.

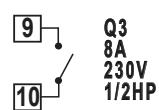
Relay outputs Q1, Q2



Contacts capacity:
• 8 A, 250 Vac, resistive charge 10^5 operations.
• 30/3 A, 250 Vac, $\cos\phi = 0.3$, 10^5 operations.

N.B.: See graphic.

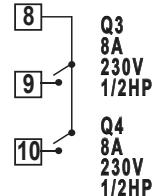
Relay output Q3 (ATR401-23ABC)



Contacts capacity:
• 8 A, 250 Vac, resistive charge 10^5 operations.
• 30/3 A, 250 Vac, $\cos\phi = 0.3$, 10^5 operations.

N.B.: See graphic.

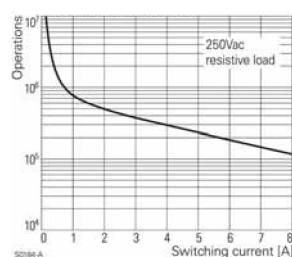
Relay outputs Q3, Q4 (ATR401-24ABC)



Contacts capacity:
• 8 A, 250 Vac, resistive charge 10^5 operations.
• 30/3 A, 250 Vac, $\cos\phi = 0.3$, 10^5 operations.

N.B.: See graphic.

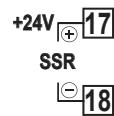
N.B.:



Electrical endurance

Q1 / Q2 / Q3 / Q4:
• 8 A, 250 Vac, resistive charge 10^5 operations.
• 30/3 A, 250 Vac, $\cos\phi = 0.3$, 10^5 operations.

SSR output

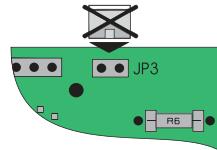


SSR Command output capacity 24 V / 25 mA.

Output mA or Volt (ATR401-22ABC-T)



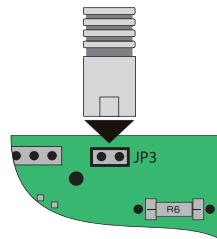
Linear output in **mA** configurable using parameters as command (parameter `IOUT`) or retransmission of process-setpoint (parameter `FETR`).



To use analogue output in **mA** do not place JP3.

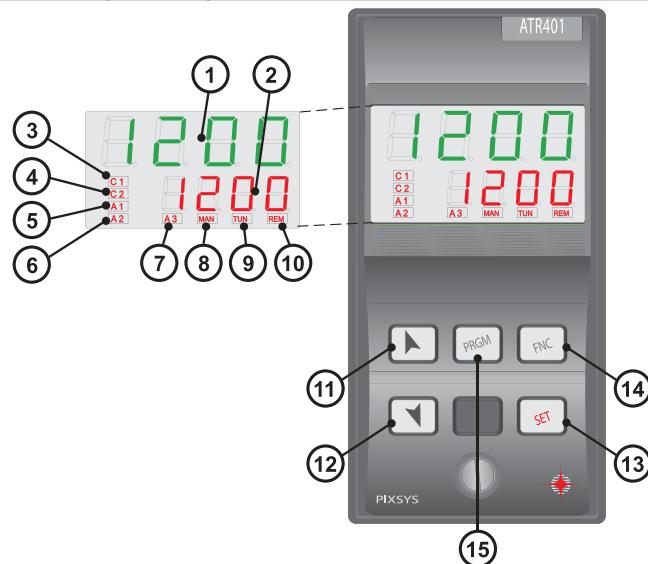


Linear output in **Volt** configurable using parameters as command (parameter `IOUT`) or retransmission of process-setpoint (parameter `FETR`).



To use analogue output in **Volt** enter JP3 as indicated in the figure.

6 Display and Key Functions



6.1 Numeric Indicators (Display)

1		Normally visualizes process. In configuration mode visualizes parameter that is being entered.
2		Normally visualizes setpoints. In configuration mode visualizes value of parameter that is being entered.

6.2 Meaning of Status Lights (Led)

3		On when command output is active. For open / close logic: on during valve opening.
4		For open / close logic: on during valve closing.
5		On when alarm 1 is active.

6	A2	On when alarm 2 is active.
7	A3	On when alarm 3 is active.
8	MAN	On when "Manual" function is active.
9	TUN	On when controller is executing an auto-tuning cycle.
10	REM	On when controller communicates in serial way.

6.3 Keys

11		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increases main setpoint. In configuration mode allows to scroll and modify parameters. Press after SET key increases alarm setpoint.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Decreases main setpoint. In configuration mode allows to scroll and modify parameters. Press after SET key decreases alarm setpoints.
12		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Allows to visualize command and alarm setpoints. In configuration mode allows to access the parameter to change and confirm its modification.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Allows to enter Tuning launch, selection automatic / manual. In configuration mode operates as exit key (ESCAPE).
15		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If pressed allows to enter configuration password. In configuration mode assigns at selected parameter a mnemonic code or a number.

7 Dual input mode

Each ATR401 model has the possibility to use two analogue inputs: it is possible to do easy mathematical operations between measured process values, correlating obtained result to the command or alarm outputs, or use a process as remote setpoint.

7.1 Selection of process value related to the command output and to the alarms

When second input is enabled (par.11 **SEN2** other than **D1S**) it is possible to choose the process value to be related to command output, to alarms and to retransmission.

Following options are available:

- **Pro1**: Value read by input AI1;
 - **Pro2**: Value read by input AI2;
 - **MEAn**: Mean between inputs AI1 and AI2;
 - **Diff**: Difference between inputs: AI1-AI2;
 - **Absd**: Difference between inputs as absolute value: AI1-AI2;
 - **SuN**: Addition between inputs: AI1+AI2.
- Process related to command output must be set on parameter 19 **CPr1**.
- Process related to alarms must be set on par. 38 **R1Pr** for alarm 1, on par. 47 **R2Pr** for alarm 2, on par. 56 **R3Pr** for alarm 3 and on par. 65 **R4Pr** for alarm 4.
- Value to retransmit must be set on par. 88 **RETr**.

It is possible to choose the visualization for display 2 on parameter 86 **Disp**.

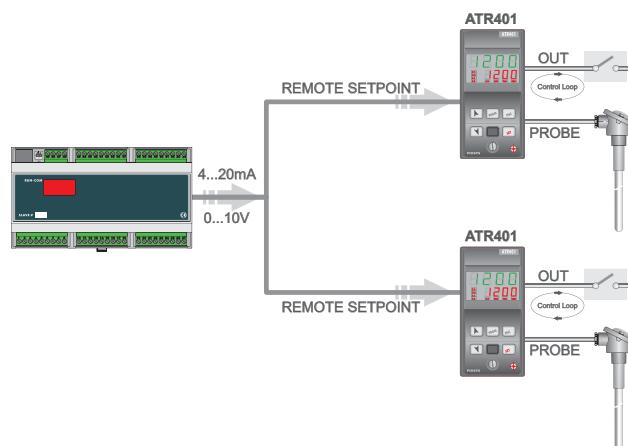


WARNING

Mean, difference and addition are available only if both inputs are configured for temperature sensors or for linear signals V / mA.

7.2 Remote setpoint

It is possible to enable remote setpoint function setting **En.** on par. 20 **FENS.**



In this configuration command setpoint corresponds to the second process value read:

- if parameter 19 **cPro** is set as **Pro1**, AI1 becomes the main process (command) and AI2 becomes the setpoint value.
- If parameter 19 **cPro** is set as **Pro2**, AI2 becomes the main process (command) and AI1 becomes the setpoint value.

Remote setpoint function works only with one of these two settings of parameter 19 **cPro**.



Decimal point setting parameter for remote setpoint input is locked and it is automatically changed when command input decimal point varies.

8 Controller Functions



8.1 Modification of main and alarm setpoint value

Setpoint value can be modified from keyboard as follows:

Press	Display	Do
1 or	Value on display 2 changes.	Increases or decreases the main setpoint.
2	Visualize alarm setpoint on display 1.	
3 or	Value on display 2 changes.	Increases or decreases the alarm setpoint value.

8.2 Auto-Tuning

Tuning procedure to calculate regulation parameters can be manual or automatic and according to selection on parameter 28 .

8.3 Manual Tuning

Manual procedure allows user more flexibility on deciding when to update regulation parameters of P.I.D. algorithm.

Press key until display 1 visualizes writing and display 2 visualizes .

Pressing , display 2 visualizes .

Led switches on and procedure starts.

8.4 Automatic Tuning

Automatic tuning starts when the controller is switched-on or when setpoint value has been modified over 35%.

To avoid overshooting, the threshold where controller calculates new P.I.D. parameters is determinated by setpoint value minus "Set Deviation Tune" value (see parameter 29 .

To interrupt Tuning keeping the P.I.D. values unchanged, press key **FNC** until display 1 visualizes writing **TunE** and display 2 visualizes **OFF**. Pressing **[OK]**, display 2 visualizes **OFF**, led **TUN** switch off and procedure ends.
Setting **OnCE** on parameter 28 **TunE** autotuning procedure starts only once when instrument is switched on: after calculating P.I.D. parameters parameter 28 **TunE** returns to **015**.

8.5 Automatic / Manual Regulation for % Output Control

This function allows to switch from automatic functioning to manual control of output porcentage.

With parameter 83 **AlAr**, it is possible to select two modes.

1 First selection (EnSE). Pressing key **FNC** display 1 visualizes writing **P---** on display 1, while display 2 visualizes **Auto**. Press key **[OK]** to select manual mode **AlAr**. With **[OK]** and **[C]** change output percentage. To return to automatic mode with the same procedure select **Auto** on display 2: led **MAN** switches on and operation returns to automatic mode.

2 Second selection (EnSE). Enable the same functioning, but with two important variants:

- In case of power failure or after a switch-off, at restart both the manual functioning and the previously fixed output percentage value will be maintained.
- If during automatic functioning there is a sensor failure, controller will automatically switch to manual mode while maintaining command output percentage unchanged as generated by P.I.D. immediately before failure.

8.6 Soft-Start

At switch-on the controller follows a rising gradient expressed in units (ex. Degree / Hour) to reach the setpoint.

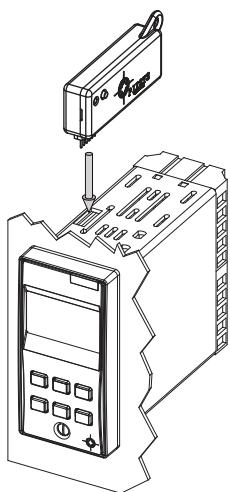
The chosen rising gradient in Unit / Hour must be set on parameter 85 **rsGr**; at **next switch-on** the controller will execute Soft-Start function. Automatic and manual Tuning function cannot be enabled if Soft-Start function is active.

8.7 Memory Card (optional)



Parameters and setpoint values can be easily copied from one controller to others using the MEMORY CARD.

Two modes are available:



- **With the controller connected to the power supply:**

Insert Memory card when the controller is off.
At switch-on display 1 visualizes **MEM** and
display 2 visualizes **----** (only if correct
values are stored on Memory).

Pressing **▲** display 2 visualizes **LOAD**.
Confirm with **FNC**.

Controller loads new values and restarts.

- **With the controller not connected to power supply:**

The memory card is equipped with an internal battery with an autonomy of about 1000 uses (button battery, replaceable).
Insert the memory card and press the programming button.

When writing the parameters, led turns red and on completing the procedure it turns to green. It is possible to repeat the procedure without any particular attention.



WARNING

Updating Memory Card

To update the memory card values, follow the procedure described in the first method, setting display 2 to **----** so as not to load the parameters on controller¹.

Enter configuration and change at least one parameter.

Exit configuration. Changes are saved automatically.

¹ If on activation the controller does not display **MEM** it means no data have been saved on the memory card, but it is possible to update values.

8.8 Loading default values

This procedure allows to restore factory settings of the instrument.

Press	Display	Do
1  for 3 second	Display 1 visualizes 0000 with 1 st digit blinking, while display 2 shows PASS .	
2  or 	Change blinking digit and move to the next one with  .	Enter password: 9999 .
3  to confirm	Device loads default settings.	Switch the instrument off and on.

8.9 LATCH ON Functions (only AI1)

For use with input **Po_t1** (potentiometer 6K Ω) and **Po_t2** (potentiometer 150 K Ω) and with linear input (0...10 V, 0...40 mV, 0/4...20 mA), you can associate start value of the scale (parameter 6 **L_{SL}**) to the minimum position of the sensor and value of the scale end (parameter 7 **U_{PL}**) to the maximum position of the sensor (parameter 8 **L_{AEC}** configured as **Std**).

It is also possible to fix the point in which the controller will display 0 (however keeping the scale range between **L_{SL}** and **U_{PL}**) using the "virtual zero" option by setting **U_{SE}** or **U_{in}** in parameter 8 **L_{AEC}**.

If you set **U_{in}** the virtual zero will reset after each activation of the tool; if you set **U_{SE}** the virtual zero remains fixed once tuned.

To use the LATCH ON function configure as you wish the parameter **L_{AEC}**².

² The tuning procedure starts by exiting the configuration after changing the parameter.

For the calibration procedure refer to the following table:

	Press	Display	Do
1		Exit parameters configuration. Display 2 visualizes writing L<small>Re</small>c .	Place the sensor on minimum operating value (corresponding to L<small>Li</small>l).
2		Store value on minimum. Display shows L<small>o</small>U .	Place sensor on maximum operating value (corresponding to L<small>Li</small>l).
3		Store value on max. Display shows H<small>i</small>G .	To exit standard proceeding press FNC . For "virtual zero" setting, place the sensor to zero point.
4		Set the virtual zero. Display shows U<small>ir</small>E . N.B.: if U<small>ir</small>E is selected, the procedure must be executed at each start.	To exit procedure press FNC .



8.10 Heating-Cooling P.I.D.

ATR401 is suitable also for applications requiring a combined heating-cooling P.I.D. action.

Command output must be configured as Heating P.I.D.

(**ActE** = **HEAT** and **Pb** greater than 0 and one of alarms

(**AL_1**, **AL_2**, **AL_3** or **AL_4**) has to be configured as **cool**.

Command output must be connected to actuator responsible for heating action, while alarm will control the cooling action.

Parameters to configure for Heating P.I.D. are:

ActE = **HEAT** Command output action type (Heating);

Pb : Proportional band Heating;

Ti : Integral time Heating and cooling;

Td : Derivative time Heating and cooling;

Tc : Cycle time Heating.

Configuration parameters for Cooling P.I.D. are (example: action associated to alarm 1):

AL_1 = **cool** Alarm 1 selection (Cooling);

Pbn : Proportional band multiplier;

oudb : Overlapping / Dead band;

cact : Cycle time Cooling.

Parameter **Pbn** (that ranges from 1.00 to 5.00) sets the proportional band for cooling action, according to the formula here below:

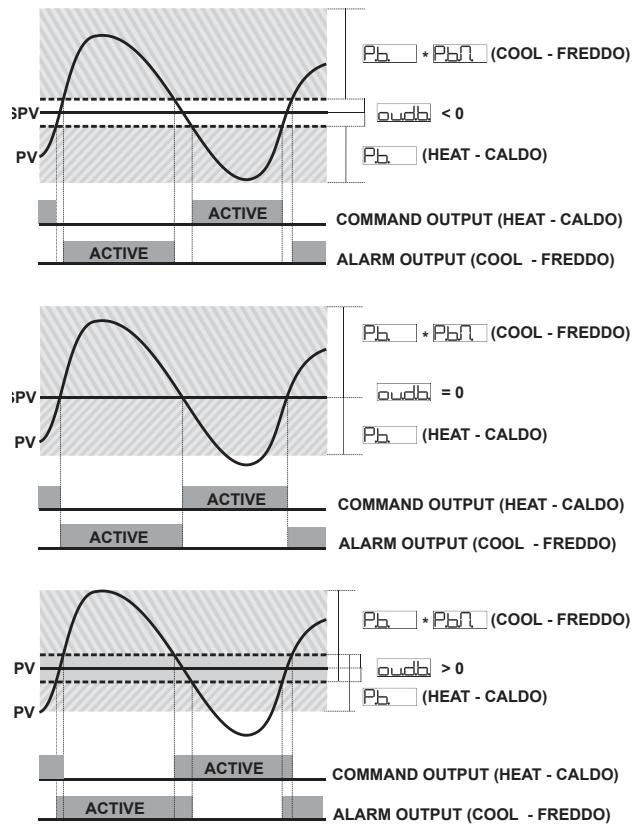
Proportional band cooling action = **Pb** \times **Pbn**.

In this way it is possible to have a proportional band for cooling action that will be equal to heating proportional band if **Pbn** = 1.00, or 5 times greater if **Pbn** = 5.00.

Integral time and **derivative time** are the same for both actions

Parameter **oudb** sets the percentage overlapping between the two actions. For installations where heating and cooling output cannot be activated at the same time, a dead band will be configured (**oudb** \leq 0), vice versa an overlapping will be configured (**oudb** $>$ 0).

Figure here below shows an example of double action P.I.D. (heating-cooling) with $E_L = 0$ and $E_H = 0$.



Parameter **cote** has the same meaning of cycle time for heating action **tc**.

Parameter **cooF** (Cooling Fluid) pre-selects the proportional band multiplier **Pb1** and the cooling P.I.D. cycle time **cote** according to cooling fluid type:

cooF	Cooling fluid type	Pb1	cote
Air	Air	1.00	10
Oil	Oil	1.25	4
H2O	Water	2.50	2

Once parameter **cooF**, has been selected, the parameters **Pb1**, **audb** and **cote** can be however modified.

9 Serial Communication

ATR401-22ABC-T is provided with RS485 and can receive / broadcast data via MODBUS-RTU protocol. Device can be configured only as Slave.

This function allows to control multiple controllers connected to a supervisory system. Each instrument will answer to a Master query only if contains same address as on parameter 93 **SLAd**.

Allowed addresses are from 1 to 254 and there should not be controllers with the same address on the same line.

Address 255 can be used by the Master to communicate with all connected equipments (broadcast mode), while with 0 all devices receive command, but no answer is expected.

ATR401 can introduce an answer delay (in milliseconds) to Master request. This delay has to be set on parameter 94 **SEdE**.

At each parameters modification, instrument stores values in EEPROM memory (100000 writing cycles), while setpoints are stored with a delay of 10 seconds after last modification.

N.B.: Modifications made to Words different from those described in the following table can lead to instrument malfunction.

Modbus RTU protocol features	
	Selectable on parameter 92 bdr-t :
	48 4800 bit/sec.
	96 9600 bit/sec.
<i>Baud-rate</i>	192 19200 bit/sec.
	288 28800 bit/sec.
	384 38400 bit/sec.
	576 57600 bit/sec.
	1152 115200 bit/sec.
<i>Format</i>	8, N, 1 (8 bit, no parity, 1 stop)
<i>Supported functions</i>	WORD READING (max 20 word) (0x03, 0x04) SINGLE WORD WRITING (0x06) MULTIPLE WORDS WRITING (max 20 word) (0x10)

Looking at the table here below it is possible to find all available addresses and functions:

RO	Read Only
R/W	Read / Write
WO	Write Only

Modbus Address	Description	Read Write	Reset value
0	Device type	RO	EEPROM
1	Software version	RO	EEPROM
5	Slave address	R/W	EEPROM
6	Boot version	RO	EEPROM
50	Automatic addressing	WO	-
51	Installation code comparison	WO	-
500	Loading Default values: 9999 Restore all values 9998 Restore all values except for baud-rate and slave address 9997 Restore all values except for baud-rate 9996 Restore all values except for slave address	R/W	0
900	Process AI1 (degrees with tenths of degree for temperature sensors; digits for linear sensors)	RO	?
901	Process AI2 (degrees with tenths of degree for temperature sensors; digits for linear sensors)	RO	?
902	Average AI1-AI2 (degrees with tenths of degree for temperature sensors; digits for linear sensors)	RO	?

903	Difference AI1-AI2 (degrees with tenths of degree for temperature sensors; digits for linear sensors)	RO	?
905	Modul difference AI1-AI2 (degrees with tenths of degree for temperature sensors; digits for linear sensors)	RO	?
905	Addition AI1-AI2 (degrees with tenths of degree for temperature sensors; digits for linear sensors)	RO	?
1000	Command process (degrees with tenths of degree for temperature sensors; digits for linear sensors)	RO	?
1001	Setpoint 1	R/W	EEPROM
1002	Setpoint 2	R/W	EEPROM
1003	Setpoint 3	R/W	EEPROM
1004	Setpoint 4	R/W	EEPROM
1005	Alarm 1	R/W	EEPROM
1006	Alarm 2	R/W	EEPROM
1007	Alarm 3	R/W	EEPROM
1008	Alarm 4	R/W	EEPROM
1009	Real setpoint (it is based on gradient)	RO	EEPROM
1010	Relay status (0 = Off, 1 = On) Bit 0 = Relay Q4 Bit 3 = Relay Q2 Bit 1 = Relay Q3 Bit 4 = Relay Q1 N.O. Bit 2 = Relay Q1 N.O. Bit 5 = SSR	RO	0
1011	Percentage heating output (0-10000)	RO	0
1012	Percentage cooling output (0-10000)	RO	0
1013	Alarms status (0 = None, 1 = Active) Bit 0 = Alarm 1 Bit 2 = Alarm 3 Bit 1 = Alarm 2 Bit 3 = Alarm 4	RO	0
1014	Manual reset: write 0 to reset all alarms. In reading (0 = Not resettable, 1 = Resettable) Bit 0 = Alarm 1 Bit 2 = Alarm 3 Bit 1 = Alarm 2 Bit 3 = Alarm 4	WO	0
1015	Error flags Bit 0 = Eeprom writing error Bit 1 = Eeprom reading error Bit 2 = Cold junction error Bit 3 = Error AI1 (sensor 1) Bit 4 = Error AI2 (sensor 2) Bit 5 = Generic error Bit 6 = Hardware error Bit 7 = Missing calibration error Bit 8 = Incongruous control parameters Bit 9 = Incongruous alarm parameters Bit 10 = Incongruous retransmission parameters Bit 11 = Incongruous visualization parameters Bit 12 = L.B.A. – Low current Bit 13 = L.B.A. – Short circuit	RO	0

1016	Cold junction temperature (with decimal point)	RO	?
1017	Start / Stop 0 = Controller in STOP 1 = Controller in START	R/W	0
1018	Lock conversion ON / OFF 0 = Lock conversion off 1 = Lock conversion on	R/W	0
1019	Tuning ON / OFF 0 = Tuning off 1 = Tuning on	R/W	0
1020	Automatic / Manual selection 0 = Automatic 1 = Manual	R/W	0
1021	OFF LINE ³ time (milliseconds)	R/W	?
1022	Digital input status 0 = Input OFF 1 = Input ON	RO	?
1023	Instantaneous current value (tenth of ampere)	RO	0
1024	Current ON value (tenth of ampere)	RO	0
1025	Current OFF value (tenth of ampere)	RO	0
1100	Process with decimal point selection	RO	?
1101	Setpoint 1 with decimal point selection	R/W	EEPROM
1102	Setpoint 2 with decimal point selection	R/W	EEPROM
1103	Setpoint 3 with decimal point selection	R/W	EEPROM
1104	Setpoint 4 with decimal point selection	R/W	EEPROM
1105	Alarm 1 with decimal point selection	R/W	EEPROM
1106	Alarm 2 with decimal point selection	R/W	EEPROM
1107	Alarm 3 with decimal point selection	R/W	EEPROM
1108	Alarm 4 with decimal point selection	R/W	EEPROM
1109	Real setpoint (gradient) with decimal point selection	RO	EEPROM
1110	Percentage heating output (0-1000)	R/W	0
1111	Percentage heating output (0-100)	R/W	0
1112	Percentage cooling output (0-1000)	RO	0
1113	Percentage cooling output (0-100)	RO	0
2001	Parameter 1	R/W	EEPROM
....	R/W	EEPROM
2100	Parameter 100	R/W	EEPROM
4001	Parameter 1 ⁴	R/W	EEPROM
....	R/W	EEPROM
4100	Parameter 100	R/W	EEPROM

³ If it is 0, control is disabled. If it is different from 0, it is “maximum time that can elapse between two pollings before the controller goes off-line”.
If it goes Off-line, the controller goes.

⁴ Parameters changed using serial address from 4001 to 4100 are saved in eeprom only after 10" after the last writing of parameters.

10 Configuration

10.1 Modify configuration parameters

For configuration parameters see next paragraph.

Press	Display	Do
1  for 3 second	Display 1 shows 0000 with the 1 st digit flashing, while display 2 shows PASS .	
2  or 	Modify flashing digit and move to next digit with  .	Enter password: 1234 .
3  to confirm	Display 1 shows first parameter and second display shows its value.	
4  or 	Scroll parameters.	
5 	Allows to pass from mnemonic parameter code to the numeric one and viceversa.	
6 	Allows parameter modification (display 2 flashes).	
7  or 	Increases or decreases visualized value.	Introduce new data.
8 	Confirms data entering (display 2 stops flashing).	To change another parameter return to point 4.
9 	End of parameters modification Controller exits the programming mode.	

11 Table of Configuration Parameters

The following table includes all parameters. Some of them will not be visible on the models which are not provided with relevant Hardware data.

1	c.out	Command Output: Command output type selection		
	c.o.l	Default (necessary for using process and setpoint retransmission function with Volt / mA output)		
	c.uAL			
	c.SSr			
	c.420			
	c.020			
	c.0..10			
ATR401-22ABC				
	COMMAND	ALARM 1	ALARM 2	
	Q1	Q2	SSR	
c.uAL	Q1	Q2	SSR	
c.SSr	3-4 (open) / 4-5 (close)	Q1	Q2	
	SSR			
ATR401-23ABC				
	COMMAND	ALARM 1	ALARM 2	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	
c.uAL	Q1	Q2	Q3	
c.SSr	3-4 (open) / 4-5 (close)	Q1	Q2	
	SSR			
ATR401-24ABC				
	COMMAND	ALARM 1	ALARM 2	ALARM 3
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
c.uAL	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
c.SSr	3-4 (open) / 4-5 (close)	Q1	Q2	Q3
	SSR			
ATR401-22ABC-T				
	COMMAND	ALARM 1	ALARM 2	ALARM 3
	Q1	Q2	SSR	AO1(V)
c.uAL	Q1	Q2	SSR	AO1(V)
c.SSr	3-4 (open) / 4-5 (close)	Q1	Q2	AO1(V)
c.420	SSR	Q1	Q2	AO1(V)
c.020	4...20 mA	Q1	Q2	SSR
c.0..10	0...20 mA	Q1	Q2	SSR
	0...10 V	Q1	Q2	SSR

2 **SEn.1** **Sensor:** Analog input configuration / sensor selection (AI1)



<input type="checkbox"/> D.S.	Disabled
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tc-K (Default)	-260...1360 °C
<input type="checkbox"/> Tc-S	-40...1760 °C
<input type="checkbox"/> Tc-R	-40...1760 °C
<input type="checkbox"/> Tc-J	-200...1200 °C
<input type="checkbox"/> PT100	-200...600 °C
<input type="checkbox"/> PT100	-200...140 °C
<input type="checkbox"/> NI100	-60...180 °C
<input type="checkbox"/> NTC10K	-40...125 °C
<input type="checkbox"/> PTC1K	-50...150 °C
<input type="checkbox"/> PT500	-100...600 °C
<input type="checkbox"/> PT1000	-100...600 °C
<input type="checkbox"/> 0...10 Volt	
<input type="checkbox"/> 0...20 mA	
<input type="checkbox"/> 4...20 mA	
<input type="checkbox"/> 0.40	0...40 mVolt
<input type="checkbox"/> Pot.1	Potentiometer max 6 Kohm
<input type="checkbox"/> Pot.2	Potentiometer max 150 Kohm

3 **dP.** **Decimal Point:** Select type of visualized decimal point for Analogic Input 1



- Default
- 1 Decimal
- 2 Decimal
- 3 Decimal

4 **LL.1** **Lower Linear Input 1:** AI1 lower range limit only for linear signals. Example: with input 4...20 mA this parameter takes value associated to 4 mA
-999...+9999 digit*, Default: 0.

* The display of the decimal point depends on the setting of parameter **SEn.** and the parameter **dP.**

5	UL1	Upper Linear Input 1: AI1 upper range limit only for linear signals. Example: with input 4...20 mA this parameter takes value associated to 20 mA -999...+9999 digit* , Default: 1000.	
6	oCR1	Offset Calibration 1: Offset AI1 calibration. Number added to visualized process value (normally correcting ambient temperature value) -999...+1000 digit* for linear sensors and potentiometers. -99.9...+100.0 tenths for temperature sensors, Default: 0.0.	
7	gCR1	Gain Calibration 1: AI1 gain calibration. % Value multiplied with displayed value to calibrate process value -99.9%...+100.0% , Default: 0.0.	
8	Lc1	Latch-On 1: Automatic setting of limits for linear input <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> dS Disabled (Default) <input type="checkbox"/> Std Standard <input type="checkbox"/> VZSE Virtual Zero Stored (see paragraph 8.9) <input type="checkbox"/> VZIN Virtual Zero Initialized (see paragraph 8.9)	
9	LLS1	Lower Limit Setpoint 1: AI1 lower limit setpoint -999...+9999 digit* (degrees if temperature), Default: 0.	
10	ULS1	Upper Limit Setpoint 1: AI1 upper limit setpoint -999...+9999 digit* (degrees if temperature), Default: 1750.	
11	SEN2	Sensor 2: Analogue input 2 configuration / sensor selection AI2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> dS Disabled (Default) <input type="checkbox"/> Tc-K -260...1360 °C <input type="checkbox"/> Tc-S -40...1760 °C <input type="checkbox"/> Tc-R -40...1760 °C <input type="checkbox"/> Tc-J -200...1200 °C <input type="checkbox"/> PT100 -200...600 °C <input type="checkbox"/> PT100 -200...140 °C <input type="checkbox"/> NI100 -60...180 °C <input type="checkbox"/> NTC10K -40...125 °C <input type="checkbox"/> PTC1K -50...150 °C	

* The display of the decimal point depends on the setting of parameter **SEN** and the parameter **dp**.

PES	PT500	-100...600 °C
PE IH	PT1000	-100...600 °C
0-10	0...10 Volt	
0-20	0...20 mA	
4-20	4...20 mA	
040	0...40 mVolt	
Pot. 1	Potenc. max 6 Kohm (full scale)	
Pot.2	Potenc. max 150 Kohm (full scale)	
ER	Current measured by amperometric transformer	

12 dP. 2 **Decimal Point 2:** Select decimal type visualized for analogue input 2

- Default**
- 1 Decimal
- 2 Decimal
- 3 Decimal

13 LL. 2 **Lower Linear Input 2:** AI2 lower range limit only for linear signals. Example: with input 4...20 mA this parameter takes value associated to 4 mA
-999...+9999 digit*, Default: 0.

14 UL. 2 **Upper Linear Input 2:** AI2 upper range limit only for linear signals. Example: with input 4...20 mA this parameter takes value associated to 20 mA
-999...+9999 digit*, Default: 1000.

15 oCR2 **Offset Calibration 2:** AI2 offset calibration.
Number added to visualized process value
(normally correcting ambient temperature value)
-999...+1000 digit* for linear sensors and potentiometers.
-99.9...+100.0 tenths for temperature sensors, Default: 0.0.

16 GCR2 **Gain Calibration 2:** AI2 Gain calibration.
% Value multiplied with displayed value to calibrate process value
-99.9%...+100.0%, Default: 0.0.

17 LL.S2 **Lower Limit Setpoint 2:** AI2 lower limit setpoint
-999...+9999 digit* (degrees if temperature), Default: 0.

* The display of the decimal point depends on the setting of parameter **SEN** and the parameter **dP.**.

18 **ULS2** **Upper Limit Setpoint 2:** AI2 upper limit setpoint 

-999...+9999 digit* (degrees if temperature), **Default: 1750.**

19 **cPro** **Command Process:** Selects process value related to command output and visualized on display 1.
This determinates which is the primary process

- Pro.1** Process 1 (**Default**)
- Pro2** Process 2
- MEAn** Processes mean
- diff** Processes difference
- Absd** Processes difference as absolute value
- SuI** AI1+AI2 Input addition

20 **rENS** **Remote Setpoint:** Enables remote setpoint.

Command setpoint is the secondary process.

It works if **Pro.1** or **Pro2** is selected on parameter **cPro**

- dis** Disabled (**Default**)
- en** Enabled

21 **ActE** **Command Action Type:** Regulation type for command output

heat Heating (N.O.) (**Default**)

cool Cooling (N.C.)

hos5 Lock command above SPV.

Example: command output disabled when reaching setpoint,
also with P.I.D. value different from 0

22 **c_HY** **Command Hysteresis:** Hysteresis in ON / OFF or dead band in P.I.D.

0.0-999.9 digit* (tenth of degree if temperature), **Default: 0.**

23 **c_re** **Command Rearmament:** Type of reset for contact of command output (always automatic in P.I.D. functioning)

a-E Automatic Reset (**Default**)

l-E Manual Reset by keyboard

l-ES Manual reset stored
(keeps relay status also after an eventual power failure)

* The display of the decimal point depends on the setting of parameter **SEN** and the parameter **dP**.

- 24  SE** **Command State Error:** Contact state for command output in case of error
- | | |
|---|---------------------------------|
|  | Open contact (Default) |
|  | Closed contact |
- 25  LD** **Command Led:** Defines led C1 state corresponding to relevant contact
- | | |
|---|---|
|  | ON with open contact |
|  | ON with closed contact (Default) |
- 26  dE** **Command Delay:** Command delay (only in ON / OFF functioning). (In case of servo valve it works also in P.I.D. and represents delay between opening and closure of two contacts)
- 600...+600 seconds (tenth of second in case of servo valve).
Negative: delay when turning off.
Positive: delay when turning on.
Default: 0.
- 27  SP** **Command Setpoint Protection:** Allows or not to change command setpoint value by keyboard
- | | |
|---|---|
|  | Modification allowed (Default) |
|  | Protected |
- 28  TunE** **Tune:** Autotuning type selection
- | | |
|---|---|
|  | Disabled (Default) |
|  | Automatic (P.I.D. parameters calculation at each activation and / or each change) |
|  | Manual (launch by keyboards or by digital input) |
|  | Once (P.I.D. parameters calculation only at first start) |
- 29  SdEu** **Setpoint Deviation Tune:** Selects deviation from command setpoint as threshold used by autotuning to calculate P.I.D. parameters
- 0...5000 digit* (tenth of degree if temperature), **Default: 10.0.**
- 30  Pb** **Proportional Band:** Process inertia in units (example: °C if temperature)
- 0 ON / OFF if also  is equal to 0 (**Default**).
1...9999 digit* (tenth of degree if temperature).

* The display of the decimal point depends on the setting of parameter  and the parameter .

- 31 **Integral Time:** Process inertia in seconds
0.0...999.9 seconds. 0 integral disabled, **Default: 0.0.**
- 32 **Derivative Time:** Normally $\frac{1}{4}$ of integral time
0.0...999.9 seconds. 0 derivative disabled, **Default: 0.0.**
- 33 **Cycle Time:** Cycle time (for P.I.D. on remote control switch 10 / 15 sec., for P.I.D. on SSR 1 sec.) or servo time (value declared by servo-motor manufacturer)
0.1...300.0 seconds, **Default: 10.0.**
- 34 **Lower Limit Output Percentage:** Select minimum value for command output percentage
0...100%, **Default: 0%.**
Example: with selected as 0...10 V and set at 10%, command output can change from a min. of 1 V to a max. of 10 V.
- 35 **Upper Limit Output Percentage:** Selects maximum value for command output percentage
0...100%, **Default: 100%.**
- 36 **Degree:** Select degree type
 Centigrade (**Default**)
 Fahrenheit
- 37 **Alarm 1:** Alarm 1 selection.
Alarm intervention is correlated to AL1 
- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> d_AL | Disabled (Default) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> A_AL | Absolute alarm, referring to process |
| <input type="checkbox"/> b_AL | Band alarm |
| <input type="checkbox"/> HdAL | Upper deviation alarm |
| <input type="checkbox"/> LdAL | Lower deviation alarm |
| <input type="checkbox"/> AcAL | Absolute alarm, referring to command setpoint |
| <input type="checkbox"/> StAL | Status alarm (active in Run / Start) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> cool | Cooling action |
| <input type="checkbox"/> LbA | Status alarm "load control" (Loop Break Alarm)
Example: status of contactors / SSR or heating elements |

* The display of the decimal point depends on the setting of parameter and the parameter .

38 **R.IPr** **Alarm 1 Hysteresis:** Select value correlated to alarm 1

- Pr_o1** Process 1 (**Default**)
- Pr_o2** Process 2
- Pr_{er}** Processes mean
- dIFF** Processes difference
- AbSd** Processes difference as absolute value
- SuN** AI1+AI2 Input addition

39 **R.ISo** **Alarm 1 State Output:** Alarm 1 output contact and intervention type

- no S** (N.O. start) Normally open, active at start
- nc S** (N.C. start) Normally closed, active at start
- no E** (N.O. threshold) Normally open, active on reaching alarm⁵
- nc E** (N.C. threshold) Normally closed, active on reaching alarm⁵

40 **R.IH** **Alarm 1 Hysteresis**
-999...+999 digit* (tenths of degree if temperature), **Default: 0.0.**

41 **R.I-E** **Alarm 1 Rearmament:** Type of reset for contact of alarm 1

- Ar-E** Automatic Reset (**Default**)
- Fr-E** Manual Reset by keyboard
- Fr-ES** Manual reset stored
(keeps relay status also after an eventual power failure)

42 **R.ISE** **Alarm 1 State Error:** Contact status for alarm 1 output in case of error

- co** Open contact (**Default**)
- cc** Closed contact

43 **R.ILd** **Alarm 1 Led:** Defines led A1 status corresponding to relevant contact

- on** ON with open contact
- cc** ON with closed contact (**Default**)

⁵ On activation, the output is inhibited if the controller is in alarm mode. Activates only if alarm condition reappears, after that it was restored.

* The display of the decimal point depends on the setting of parameter **SEn** and the parameter **DP**.

44 R.IDE **Alarm 1 Delay**

-600...+600 seconds.
Negative: delay at exit from alarm.
Positive: delay at starting of alarm.
Default: 0.

45 R.ISP **Alarm 1 Setpoint Protection:** Alarm 1 set protection.
Does not allow the user to change setpoint

FrEE Modification allowed (**Default**)
LoCH Protected
H.idE Protected and not visualized

46 RL.2 **Alarm 2:** Alarm 2 selection.
Alarm intervention is associated to AL2

d.S Disabled (**Default**)
A_AL Absolute alarm, referring to process
b_AL Band alarm
HdAL Upper deviation alarm
LdAL Lower deviation alarm
AcAL Absolute alarm, referring to command setpoint
StAL Status alarm (active in Run / Start)
cool Cooling action
LbA Status alarm "load control" (Loop Break Alarm)
Example: status of contactors / SSR or heating elements

47 R2Pr. **Alarm 2 Process:** Selects value related to alarm 2

Pro1 Process 1 (**Default**)
Pro2 Process 2
MEAn Processes mean
d.DF Processes difference
AbSd Processes difference as absolute value
SuI AI1+AI2 Input addition

48 R2So **Alarm 2 State Output:** Alarm 2 output contact and intervention type
no_S (N.O. start) Normally open, active at start
nc_S (N.C. start) Normally closed, active at start

* The display of the decimal point depends on the setting of parameter **SEn** and the parameter **dp**.

<input type="checkbox"/> no	(N.O. threshold) Normally open, active on reaching alarm ⁶
<input type="checkbox"/> nc	(N.C. threshold) Normally closed, active on reaching alarm ⁶
49 A2HY	Alarm 2 Hysteresis -999...+999 digit* (tenth of degree if temperature), Default: 0.0.
50 A2-E	Alarm 2 Rearmament: Type of reset for alarm 2 contact <input type="checkbox"/> A-E Automatic Reset (Default) <input type="checkbox"/> M-E Manual Reset by keyboard <input type="checkbox"/> M-ES Manual reset stored (keeps relay status also after an eventual power failure)
51 A2SE	Alarm 2 State Error: Contact status for alarm 2 output in case of error <input type="checkbox"/> Open contact (Default) <input type="checkbox"/> Closed contact
52 A2Ld	Alarm 2 Led: Defines led A2 status corresponding to relevant contact <input type="checkbox"/> ON with open contact <input type="checkbox"/> ON with closed contact (Default)
53 A2DE	Alarm 2 Delay -600...+600 seconds. Negative: delay at exit from alarm. Positive: delay at starting of alarm. Default: 0.
54 A2SP	Alarm 2 Setpoint Protection: Alarm 2 set protection. Does not allow the user to change set value <input type="checkbox"/> FrEE Modification allowed (Default) <input type="checkbox"/> LoCH Protected <input type="checkbox"/> H_idE Protected and not visualized

⁶ On activation, the output is inhibited if the controller is in alarm mode. Activates only if alarm condition reappears, after that it was restored.

* The display of the decimal point depends on the setting of parameter **SEn** and the parameter **DP**.

55 **AL_3** **Alarm 3:** Alarm 3 selection.
Alarm intervention is associated to AL3

- d_S** Disabled (**Default**)
- A_AL** Absolute alarm, referring to process
- b_AL** Band alarm
- HdAL** Upper deviation alarm
- LdAL** Lower deviation alarm
- AcAL** Absolute alarm, referring to command setpoint
- StAL** Status alarm (active in Run / Start)
- cool** Cooling action
- LbA** Status alarm "load control" (Loop Break Alarm)
Example: status of contactors / SSR or heating elements

56 **R3Pr** **Alarm 3 Process:** Selects value correlated to alarm 3

- Pro_1** Process 1 (**Default**)
- Pro2** Process 2
- NEAn** Processes mean
- d_FF** Processes difference
- AbSd** Processes difference as absolute value
- SuI** AI1+AI2 Input addition

57 **R3Eo** **Alarm 3 State Output:** Alarm 3 output contact and intervention type

- no_S** (N.O. start) Normally open, active at start
- nc_S** (N.C. start) Normally closed, active at start
- no_E** (N.O. threshold) Normally open, active on reaching alarm⁷
- nc_E** (N.C. threshold) Normally closed, active on reaching alarm⁷

58 **R3HY** **Alarm 3 Hysteresis**

-999...+999 digit* (tenths of degree if temperature), **Default: 0.0.**

⁷ On activation, the output is inhibited if the controller is in alarm mode. Activates only if alarm condition reappears, after that it was restored.

* The display of the decimal point depends on the setting of parameter **SEn** and the parameter **DP**.

59	R3rE	Alarm 3 Rearmament: Type of reset for alarm 3 contact
	R-E	Automatic Reset (Default)
	Fr-E	Manual Reset by keyboard
	Fr-ES	Manual reset stored (keeps relay status also after an eventual power failure)
60	R3SE	Alarm 3 State Error: Contact status for alarm 3 output in case of error
	co	Open contact (Default)
	cc.	Closed contact
61	R3Ld	Alarm 3 Led: Defines led A3 status corresponding to relevant contact
	co	ON with open contact
	cc.	ON with closed contact (Default)
62	R3dE	Alarm 3 Delay -600...+600 seconds. Negative: delay at exit from alarm. Positive: delay at starting of alarm. Default: 0.
63	R3SP	Alarm 3 Setpoint Protection: Alarm 3 set protection. Does not allow the user to change set value
	FrEE	Modification allowed (Default)
	Loct	Protected
	HidE	Protected and not visualized
64	AL_4	Alarm 4: Alarm 4 selection. Alarm intervention is associated to AL4
	d.s	Disabled (Default)
	A_AL	Absolute alarm, referring to process
	b_AL	Band alarm
	HdAL	Upper deviation alarm
	LdAL	Lower deviation alarm
	AcAL	Absolute alarm, referring to command setpoint
	StAL	Status alarm (active in Run / Start)
	cool	Cooling action
	LbA	Status alarm "load control" (Loop Break Alarm) Example: status of contactors / SSR or heating elements

65 R4Pr **Alarm 4 Process:** Selects value correlated to alarm 4

- Pro.1** Process 1 (**Default**)
- Pro2** Process 2
- NEAn** Processes mean
- dIFF** Processes difference
- AbSd** Processes difference as absolute value
- SuN** AI1+AI2 Input addition

66 R4So **Alarm 4 State Output:** Alarm 4 output contact and intervention type

- no S** (N.O. start) Normally open, active at start
- nc S** (N.C. start) Normally closed, active at start
- no E** (N.O. threshold) Normally open, active on reaching alarm⁸
- nc E** (N.C. threshold) Normally closed, active on reaching alarm⁸

67 R4H4 **Alarm 4 Hysteresis**
-999...+999 digit* (tenths of degree if temperature), **Default: 0.0.**

68 R4r-E **Alarm 4 Rearmament:** Type of reset for alarm 4 contact

- Ar-E** Automatic Reset (**Default**)
- Ir-E** Manual Reset by keyboard
- Ir-ES** Manual reset stored
(keeps relay status also after an eventual power failure)

69 R4SE **Alarm 4 State Error:** Contact status for alarm 4 output in case of error

- oc** Open contact (**Default**)
- cc** Closed contact

70 R4Ld **Alarm 4 Led:** Defines led A4 status corresponding to relevant contact

- on** ON with open contact
- cc** ON with closed contact (**Default**)

⁸ On activation, the output is inhibited if the controller is in alarm mode. Activates only if alarm condition reappears, after that it was restored.

* The display of the decimal point depends on the setting of parameter **SEN** and the parameter **DP**.

71	R4dE	Alarm 4 Delay -600...+600 seconds. Negative: delay at exit from alarm. Positive: delay at starting of alarm. Default: 0.
72	R4SP	Alarm 4 Setpoint Protection: Alarm 4 set protection. Does not allow the user to change set value
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FrEE	Modification allowed (Default)
	<input type="checkbox"/> LocH	Protected
	<input type="checkbox"/> HidE	Protected and not visualized
73	ER	Amperometric Transformer: Activation and range for amperometric transformer 0 Desabled (Default) 1...200 Ampere
74	LbRt	Loop Break Alarm Threshold: Loop Break Alarm intervention threshold 0.0 Disabled alarm 0.1...200.0 Ampere Default: 50.0
75	LbAd	Loop Break Alarm Delay: Loop Break Alarm intervention delay 00.00...60.00 mm.ss Default: 01.00
76	cooP	Cooling Fluid: Type of refrigerant fluid for heating / cooling P.I.D. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Air (Default) <input type="checkbox"/> Oil <input type="checkbox"/> H2O Water
77	PbM	Proportional Band Multiplier: Proportional band for cooling action is given by parameter 30 multiplied for this parameter 1.00...5.00 Default: 1.00

78 **oedb** **Overlap / Dead Band:** Dead band combination for heating / cooling P.I.D.

-20.0...50.0%.

Negative: Dead band.

Positive: overlap.

Default: 0.0.

79 **cotc** **Cooling Cycle Time:** Cycle Time for Cooling output

1...300 seconds

Default: 10

80 **cflc** **Conversion Filter:** ADC Filter: Number of sensor readings to calculate mean that defines process value.

N.B.: When readings increase, control loop speed slows down

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| d 15 | Disabled |
| 2 51 | 2 Samples Mean |
| 3 51 | 3 Samples Mean |
| 4 51 | 4 Samples Mean |
| 5 51 | 5 Samples Mean |
| 6 51 | 6 Samples Mean |
| 7 51 | 7 Samples Mean |
| 8 51 | 8 Samples Mean |
| 9 51 | 9 Samples Mean |
| 10 51 | 10 Samples Mean |
| 11 51 | 11 Samples Mean |
| 12 51 | 12 Samples Mean |
| 13 51 | 13 Samples Mean |
| 14 51 | 14 Samples Mean |
| 15 51 | 15 Samples Mean |

81 **cfrn** **Conversion Frequency:** Sampling frequency of digital / analogue converter.

N.B.: Increasing the conversion speed will slow down reading stability (example: for fast transients, as the pressure, it is advisable to increase sampling frequency)

- | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| 242H | 242 Hz (Maximum speed conversion) |
| 123H | 123 Hz |
| 62 H | 62 Hz |
| 50 H | 50 Hz |
| 39 H | 39 Hz |

332H	33.2 Hz
196H	19.6 Hz
167H	16.7 Hz (Default) Ideal for filtering noises 50 / 60 Hz
125H	12.5 Hz
10_H	10 Hz
833H	8.33 Hz
625H	6.25 Hz
4_17H	4.17 Hz (Minimum speed conversion)

82 **UFL** **Visualization Filter:** Slow down the update of process value visualized on display, to simplify reading

d_5	Disabled with pitchfork (maximum speed of display update)
F_ir	First order filter with pitchfork
2_Sn	2 Samples Mean
3_Sn	3 Samples Mean
4_Sn	4 Samples Mean
5_Sn	5 Samples Mean
6_Sn	6 Samples Mean
7_Sn	7 Samples Mean
8_Sn	8 Samples Mean
9_Sn	9 Samples Mean
10Sn	10 Samples Mean (Maximum slow down of display update)
null	Disabled without pitchfork
F_o2	First order filter

83 **AuMa** **Automatic / Manual:** Enables automatic / manual selection

d_5	Disabled (Default)
En	Enabled
EnSt	Enabled with memory

84 **DGt** **Digital Input**

d_5	Disabled (Default: 0)
2Es	2 Setpoints Switch
2Es_i	2 Setpoints Switch Impulsive
3Es	3 Setpoints Switch Impulsive
4Es	4 Setpoints Switch Impulsive

StSt	Start / Stop
rnno	Run N.O. (enables regulation with N.O. contact)
rnnnc	Run N.C. (enables regulation with N.C. contact)
Lcno	Lock conversion N.O. (stop conversion and display value with N.O.)
Lcncc	Lock conversion N.C. (stop conversion and display value with N.C.)
tunE	Manual Tune (by digital input)
RnR	Automatic / Manual Impulse (if enabled on parameter 83)
RnRc	Automatic / Manual Contact (if enabled on parameter 83)
ActE	Action Type. Heating regulation with open D.I. Cooling regulation with closed D.I.

85 **R_ug** **Rising Gradient:** Rising gradient for Soft-Start
 0 Disabled.
 1...9999 digit/hour* (degrees/hour with decimal visualization if temperature), **Default: 0.**

86 **u_{id2}** **Visualization Display 2:** Set visualization on display 2

outP	Output Percentage
ANP.	Ampere
cSPu	Command Setpoint (Default)
Pr_{a1}	Process 1
Pr_{a2}	Process 2
DEAr	Processes mean
d_{FF}	Processes difference
AbSd	Processes difference as absolute value
SuI	AI1+AI2 Input addition

87 **u_{1E4}** **Visualization Type:** Set visualization type on display

Std.	Display 1 process + Display 2 as u_{id2} (Default)
d2H	Display 1 process + Display 2 as u_{id2} hidden after 3 sec.
SURP	Display 1 as u_{id2} + Display 2 process
Sd2H	Display 1 as u_{id2} + Display 2 process hidden after 3 sec.

88 **rEEr** **Retransmission:** Retransmission for output 0...10 V or 0/4...20 mA. Parameters 90 and 91 defines upper/lower limit of scale

d₅	Disabled (Default)
cSPu	Command Setpoint

* The display of the decimal point depends on the setting of parameter **SEn** and the parameter **dP**.

88 **RETr** **Retransmission:** Retransmission for output 0...10 V or 0/4...20 mA. Parameters 90 and 91 defines upper/lower limit of scale

- Pro1** Process 1
- Pro2** Process 2
- NEAn** Processes Mean
- d_iFF** Processes Difference
- AbSd** Processes Difference as absolute value
- SuT** AI1+AI2 Input addition

89 **RETy** **Retransmission Type:** Select retransmission type

- 0-10** 0...10 Volt (**Default**)
- 0-20** 0...20 mA
- 4-20** 4...20 mA

90 **LoLr** **Lower Limit Retransmission:** Lower limit analogue output range -999...9999 digit* (degrees if temperature), **Default: 0**.

91 **UpLr** **Upper Limit Retransmission:** Upper limit analogue output range -999...9999 digit* (degrees if temperature), **Default: 1000**.

92 **bdr** **Baud Rate:** Selects baudrate for serial communication

- 48** 4800 bit/s
- 96** 9600 bit/s
- 192** 19200 bit/s (**Default**)
- 288** 28800 bit/s
- 384** 39400 bit/s
- 576** 57600 bit/s
- 1152** 115200 bit/s

93 **SLAd** **Slave Address:** Selects slave address for serial communication

1 – 254
Default: 254

94 **SEdE** **Serial Delay:** Selects serial delay

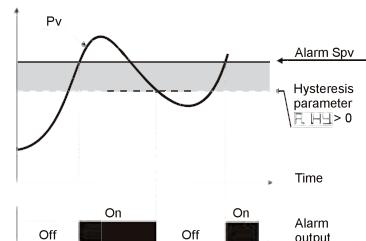
0 – 100 miliseconds
Default: 20

* The display of the decimal point depends on the setting of parameter **SEN** and the parameter **dP**.

12 Alarm Intervention Modes

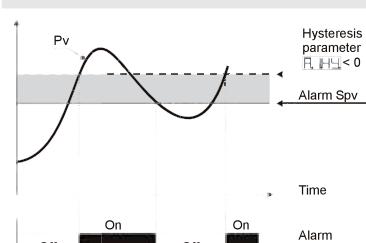


Absolute Alarm or Threshold Alarm (**R_AL** selection)



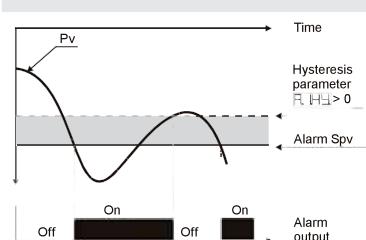
Absolute alarm with controller in heating functioning
(par. 21 **ActE** selected **HEAT**) and hysteresis value greater than "0"
(par. 40 **R_HY** > 0).

N.B.



Absolute alarm with controller in heating functioning
(par. 21 **ActE** selected **HEAT**) and hysteresis value less than "0"
(par. 40 **R_HY** < 0).

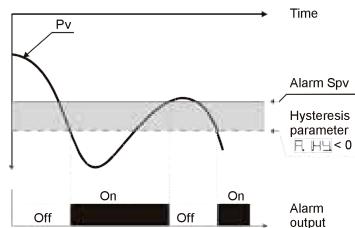
N.B.



Absolute alarm with controller in cooling functioning
(par. 21 **ActE** selected **COOL**) and hysteresis value than "0"
(par. 40 **R_HY** > 0).

N.B.

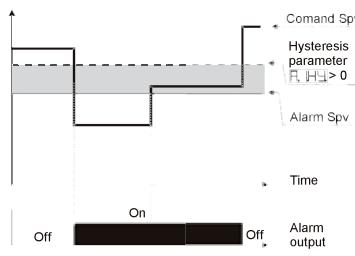
N.B.: The example is related to alarm 1; function can be enabled also for alarms 2, 3 and 4 on models that include them.



Absolute alarm with controller in cooling functioning
 (par. 21 **RctE** selected
cool) hysteresis value minor than "0"
 (par. 40 **R.HY** < 0).

N.B.

Absolute Alarm or Threshold Alarm Referring to Setpoint Command (selection **RcAL**)

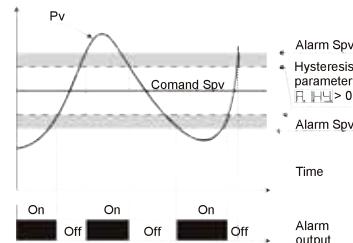


Absolute alarm refers to the command set, with the controller in heating functioning
 (par. 21 **RctE** selected
heat) hysteresis value greater than "0"
 (par. 40 **R.HY** > 0).
 Command set can be changed by pressing the arrow keys on front panel.

N.B.

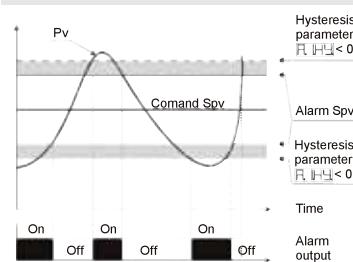
N.B.: The example is related to alarm 1; function can be enabled also for alarms 2, 3 and 4 on models that include them.

Band Alarm (selection B AL)



Band alarm with hysteresis value greater than "0".
(par. 40 $R.HY > 0$).

N.B.

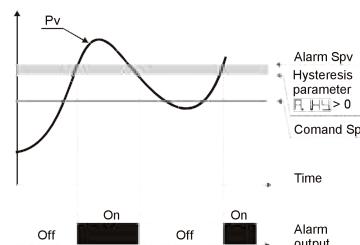


Band alarm with hysteresis value minor than "0".
(par. 40 $R.HY < 0$).

N.B.

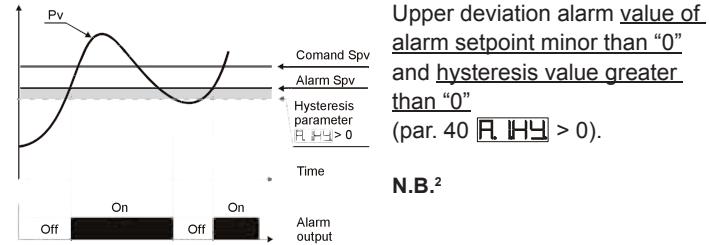
N.B.: The example is related to alarm 1; function can be enabled also for alarms 2, 3 and 4 on models that include them.

Upper Deviation Alarm (selection UDAL)

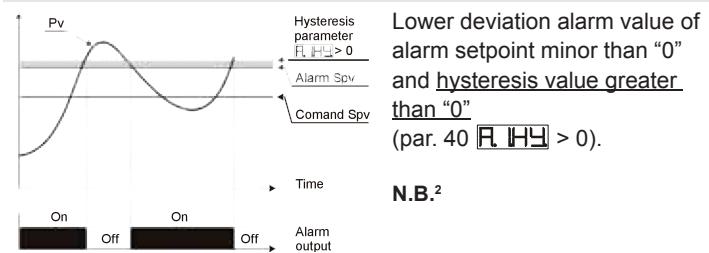
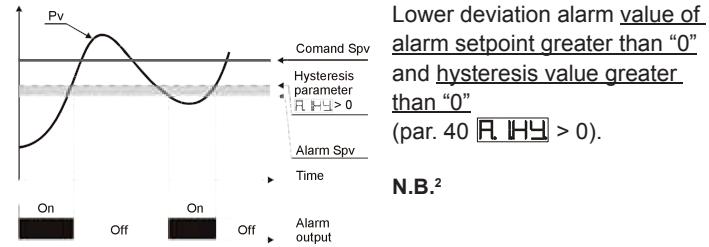


Upper deviation alarm value of alarm setpoint greater than "0" and hysteresis value greater than "0"
(par. 40 $R.HY > 0$).

N.B.²



Lower Deviation Alarm (selection $HDAL$)



- N.B.²: a) The example is related to alarm 1; function can be enabled also for alarms 2, 3 and 4 on models that include them.
 b) With hysteresis minor than "0" ($FL_{HY} < 0$) dotted line moves below alarm setpoint.

13 Table of Anomaly Signals

If installation malfunctions, controller will switch off regulation output and will report the anomaly.

For example, controller will report failure of a connected thermocouple visualizing **E-05** (flashing) flashing on display.

For other signals see table below.

#	Cause	What to do
E-01 SYSE	EEPROM programming error.	Call Assistance.
E-02 SYSE	Cold junction temperature sensor failure or environment temperature out of range.	Call Assistance.
E-04 SYSE	Incorrect configuration data. Possible loss of instrument calibration.	Verify that configuration parameters are correct.
E-05 Pro.1	Sensor connected to AI1 broken or temperature out of range.	Control connection with probes and their integrity.
E-06 Pro2	Sensor connected to AI2 broken or temperature out of range.	Control connection with probes and their integrity.
E-08 SYSE	Missing calibration.	Call Assistance.
E-10 cPAR	Incorrect control parameters.	Verify control parameters.
E-11 RPAR	Incorrect alarms parameters.	Verify alarm parameters.
E-12 rPAR	Incorrect retransmission parameters.	Verify retransmission parameters.
E-13 uPAR	Incorrect visualization parameters.	Verify visualization parameters.
E-14 SPAR	Incorrect remote setpoint parameters.	Verify remote setpoint parameters.

14 Configuration EASY-UP



To Simplify the setting of parameters and the integration of the different components involved in the control system, Pixsys introduces the EASY-UP coding which allows to set sensors and/or command outputs in one single step.

By means of the code listed in the data sheet enclosed to the sensor or actuator (SSR, motorized valve, etc.) the EASY-UP coding will set the relevant main parameters on the controllers (ex. selection of PT100 on parameter "Sensor" and the corresponding measuring range on parameters "Lower and Upper limits of the setpoint").

Different codes may be entered on the controllers in sequence to configure inputs, control output or retransmission of signal.



15 Summary of Configuration parameters

Date:	Model ATR401: System:
Notes:	
cout	Select type of command output
SEn.1	Analogue input 1 configuration
dP.1	Select type of decimal visualized by sensor 1
LL.1	AI1 range lower limit only for linear
UL.1	AI1 range upper limit only for linear
ocR.1	AI1 Offset calibration
GcR.1	AI1 Gain calibration
Ltc.1	Limits automatic setting for linear inputs
LLS.1	AI1 setpoint lower limit
ULS.1	AI1 setpoint upper limit
SEn2	Analogue input 2 configuration
dP.2	Select type of decimal visualized by sensor 2
LL.2	AI2 range lower limit only for linear
UL.2	AI2 range upper limit only for linear
ocR2	AI2 offset calibration
GcR2	AI2 gain calibration
LLS2	AI2 setpoint lower limit
ULS2	AI2 setpoint upper limit
cPro.	Select process value related to command output
RENS	Enable remote setpoint
ActE	Regulation type for command output
c_HY	Hysteresis in ON / OFF or dead band in P.I.D.
c_re	Command contact reset type
c_SE	Contact status for command output in case of error
c_Ld	C1 led status in correspondence of relevant contact
c_dE	Command delay
c_SP.	Command setpoint protection
tunE	Autotuning type selection
Sdetu	Deviation from command setpoint for autotuning
Pb.	Proportional band

E_i	Integral time
td	Derivative time
Tc	Cycle time
LLoP	Minimum value for command output percentage
ULoP	Maximum value for command output porcentage
DEGr	Degrees type
AL_1	Alarm 1 selection
A1Pr	Select process value related to alarm 1
A1So	Alarm 1 output contact and intervention type
A1H4	Alarm 1 hysteresis
A1rE	Alarm 1 contact reset type
A1SE	Alarm 1 output contact status in case of error
A1Ld	Led A1 status in correspondance of relevant contact
A1dE	Alarm 1 delay
A1SP	Alarm 1 set protection
AL_2	Alarm 2 selection
A2Pr	Select process value related to alarm 2
A2So	Alarm 2 output contact and intervention type
A2H4	Alarm 2 hysteresis
A2rE	Alarm 2 contact reset type
A2SE	Alarm 2 output contact status in case of error
A2Ld	Led A2 status in correspondance of relevant contact
A2dE	Alarm 2 delay
A2SP	Alarm 2 set protection
AL_3	Alarm 3 selection
A3Pr	Select value related to alarm 3
A3So	Alarm 3 output contact and intervention type
A3H4	Alarm 3 hysteresis
A3rE	Alarm 3 contact reset type
A3SE	Alarm 3 output contact status in case of error
A3Ld	Led A3 status in correspondance of relevant contact
A3dE	Alarm 3 delay
A3SP	Alarm 3 set protection
AL_4	Alarm 4 selection
A4Pr	Select value related to alarm 4

R45o	Alarm 4 output contact and intervention type
R4Hs	Alarm 4 hysteresis
R4rE	Alarm 4 contact reset type
R4SE	Alarm 4 output contact status in case of error
R4Ld	Led A4 status in correspondance of relevant contact
R4dE	Alarm 4 delay
R4SP	Alarm 4 set protection
ER	Activation and scale range of amperometric transformer
LBAE	Loop Break Alarm intervention threshold
LBAd	Delay for Loop Break Alarm intervention
cooF	Cooling fluid type
PbN	Proportional band multiplier
audb	Overlap / Dead band
cotc	Cooling output cycle time
cFLE	Adc filter
cFrn	Sampling frequency
cFLE	Filter in visualization
AMRA	Enable automatic / manual selection
dGe	Digital input functioning
rGr	Rising gradient
u_id2	Set visualization on display 2
u_ty	Set visualization type on displays
rETr	Retransmission for output 0-10 V o 4...20 mA
rETy	Select retransmission type
LoLr	Lower limit analogue output range
uPLr	Upper limit analogue output range
bdrE	Select baud rate for serial communication
SLAd	Select slave address
SEdE	Select serial delay

Notes / Updates
